



Making a Living Drug Readily Accessible to Patients in Need

Transforming the Treatment of Cancer and Autoimmune Diseases with Off-the-shelf, Multiplexed-engineered, iPSC-derived Cellular Immunotherapy

February 2025

Forward-Looking Statements

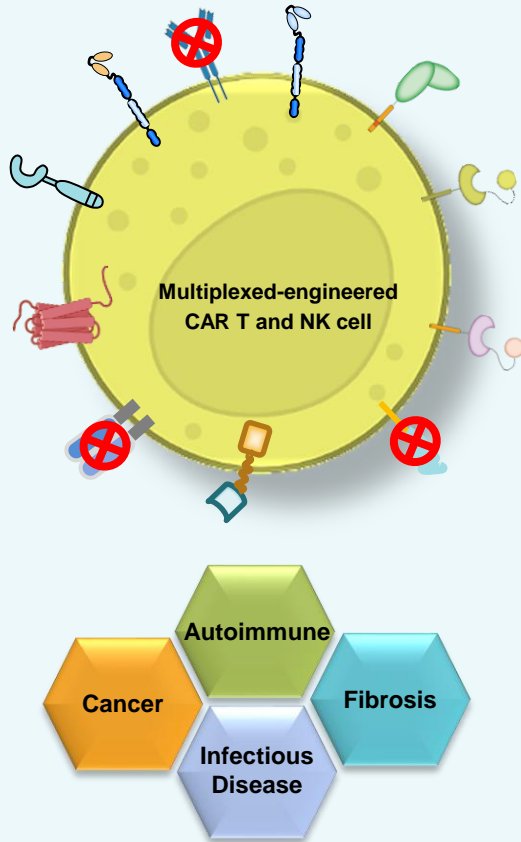


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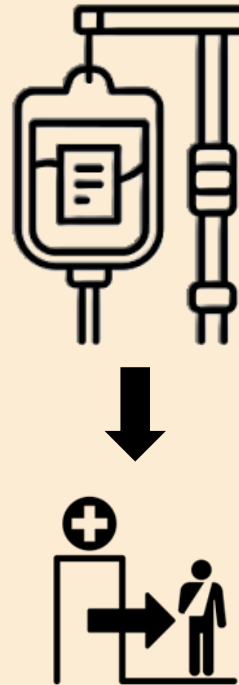
Fate Therapeutics

Pioneering the Vision of Drug Development for Cell Therapies

A “living drug” uniquely capable of targeting a broad array of diseases



A novel paradigm where cell therapies are administered routinely in an outpatient setting without the need of conditioning chemotherapy with the option to redose as needed



A renewable manufacturing process that can deliver cell therapies on-demand to patients in need



Multiplexed Engineering

Incorporate multiple mechanisms of action



Mass Production from MCB

Reliable manufacturing process from master cell bank (MCB) with high yield at low cost per dose



Uniform Products

Consistent identity, purity and potency of cell products

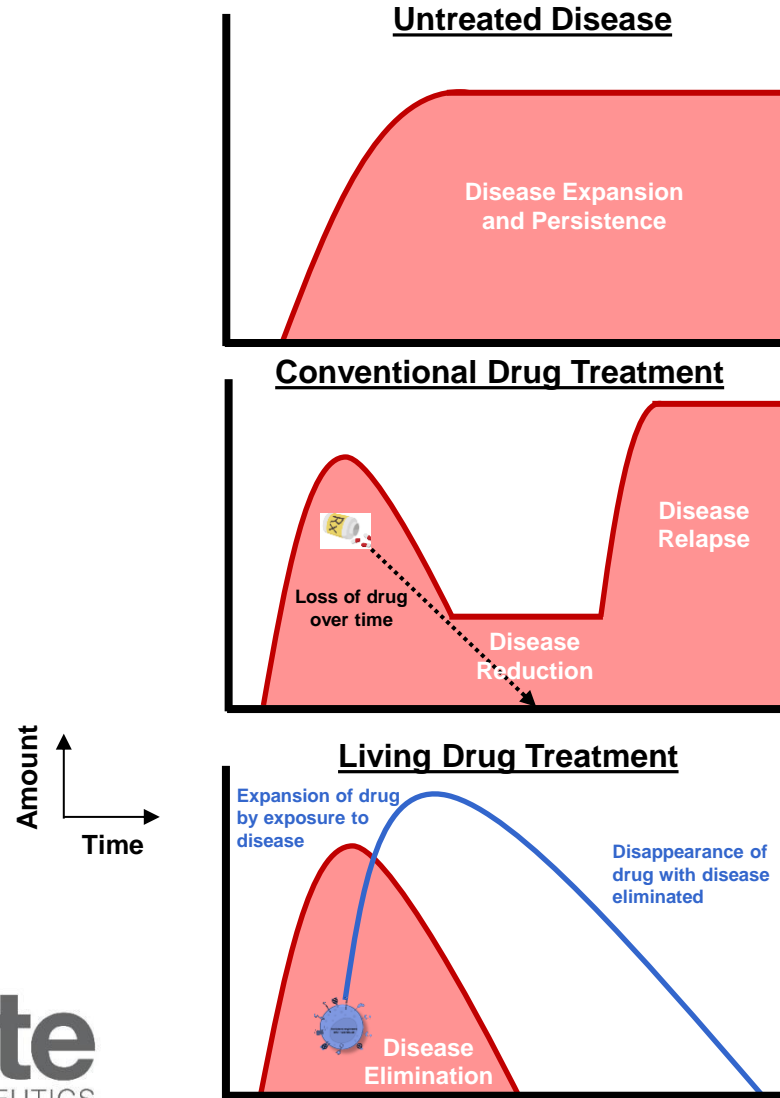


Off-the-Shelf

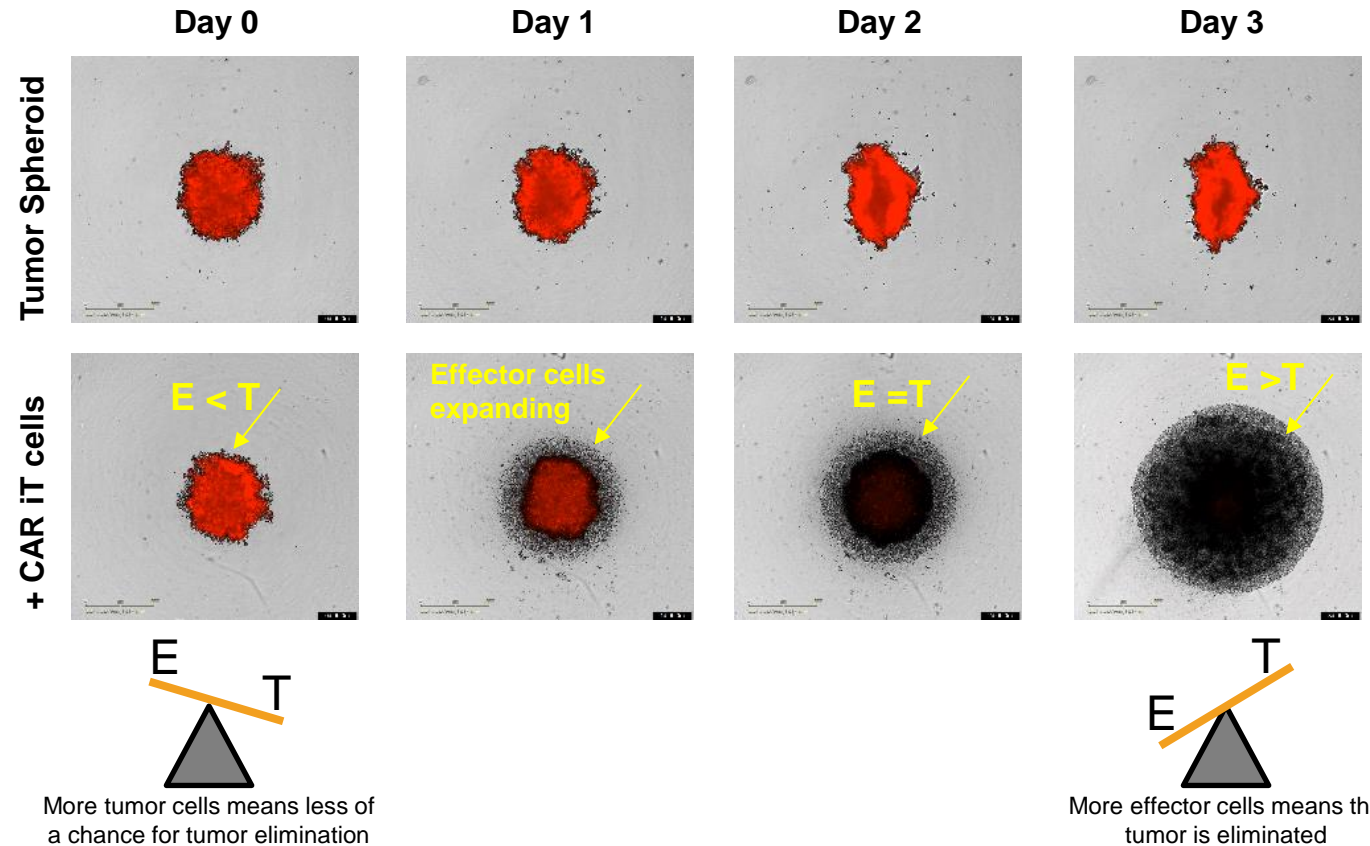
Stable, cryopreserved for on-demand treatment and expanded patient reach

A "Living Drug" Designed for Complete Disease Elimination

In vivo expansion tilts the balance toward drug product efficacy in difficult to treat diseases



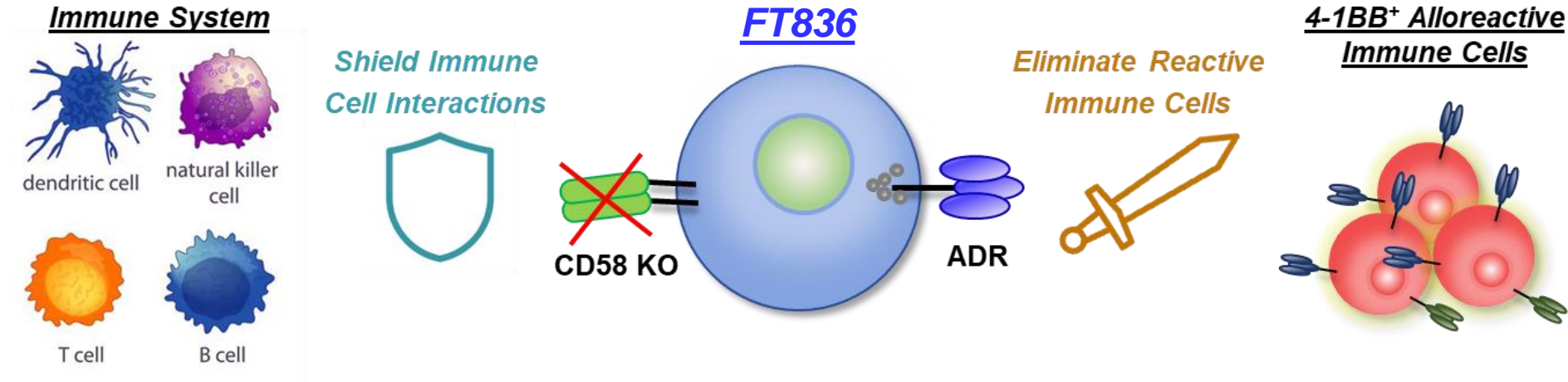
CAR iT cells demonstrate the unique ability to proliferate upon exposure to targeted disease and tilt the balance towards high effector to target ratio to effectively eliminate the disease



E = Effector cells
T = Target cells

Novel Sword and Shield Strategy to Avoid the Need for Conditioning Chemotherapy

Alloimmune defense receptor (ADR) & CD58 disruption



Cell Stem Cell

CellPress
OPEN ACCESS

Short article

Genetic ablation of adhesion ligands mitigates rejection of allogeneic cellular immunotherapies

Quirin Hammer,^{1,9,*} Karlo Perica,^{2,3,4,9} Rina M. Mbofung,⁵ Hanna van Ooijen,⁶ Karen E. Martin,^{7,8} Pouria Momayyezi,¹ Erika Varady,⁵ Yijia Pan,⁵ Mark Jelcic,⁵ Brian Groff,⁵ Ramzey Abujarour,⁵ Silje Z. Krokeide,^{7,8} Tom Lee,⁵ Alan Williams,⁵ Jode P. Goodridge,⁵ Bahram Valamehr,⁵ Björn Önfelt,^{1,6} Michel Sadelain,³ and Karl-Johan Malmberg^{1,7,8,10,*}



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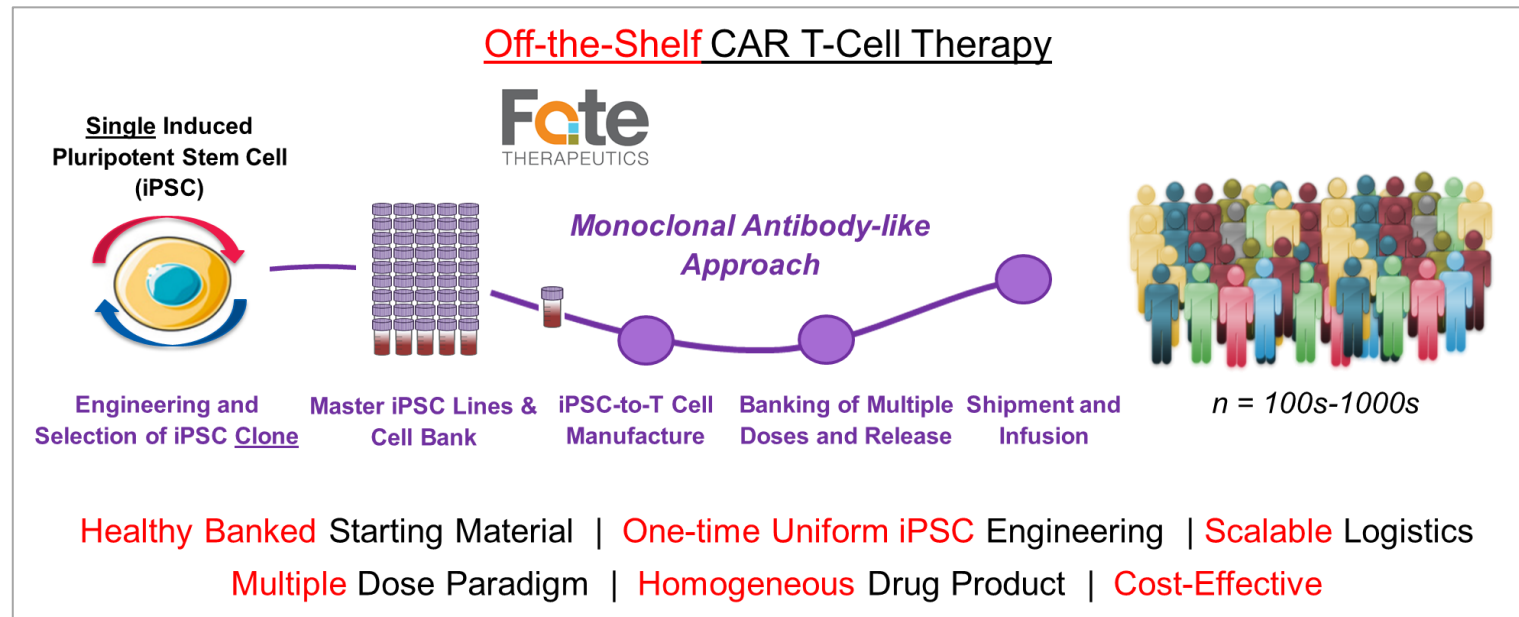
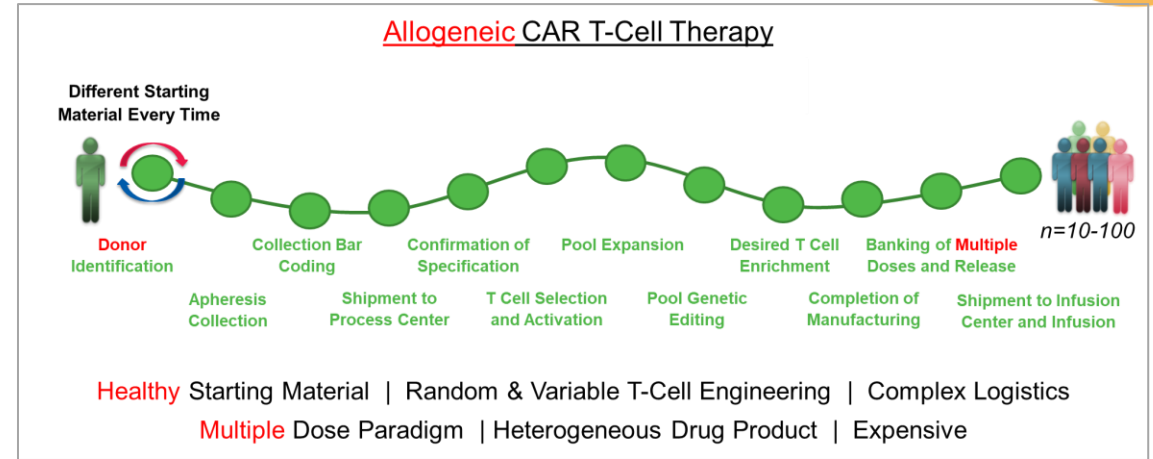
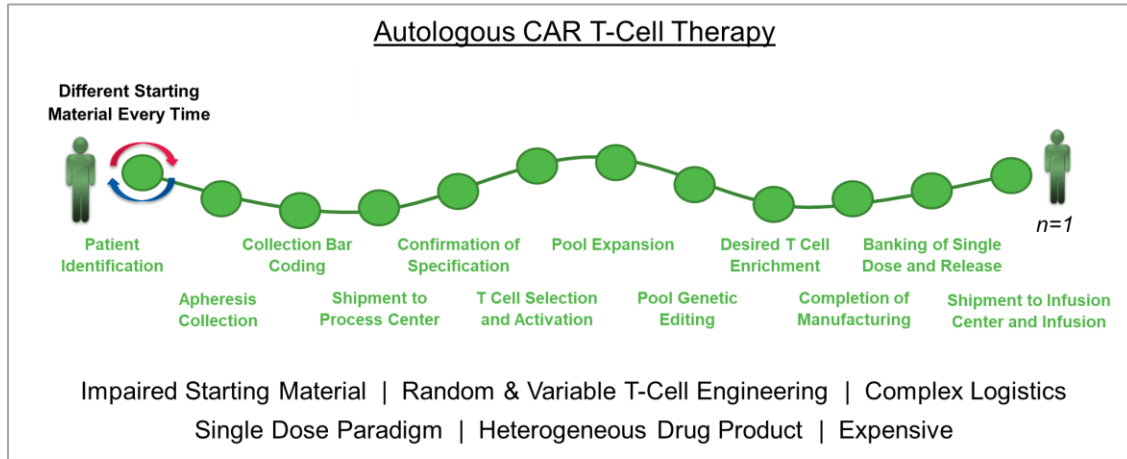
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41587-020-0601-5>

Check for updates

Engineered off-the-shelf therapeutic T cells resist host immune rejection

Feiyan Mo^{1,2}, Norihiro Watanabe¹, Mary K. McKenna¹, M. John Hicks³, Madhuwanti Srinivasan¹, Diogo Gomes-Silva¹, Erden Atilla¹, Tyler Smith¹, Pinar Ataca Atilla¹, Royce Ma^{1,4}, David Quach¹, Helen E. Heslop^{1,2}, Malcolm K. Brenner^{1,2} and Maksim Mamonkin^{1,2,3,4}

A Renewable Manufacturing Process that can Uniquely Deliver Cell Therapies On-demand to Patients in Need

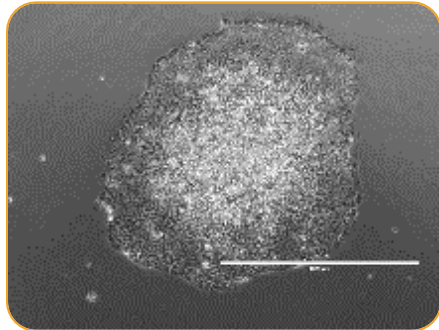


iPSC Product Platform

Creating Multiplexed-engineered Clonal Master iPSC Banks

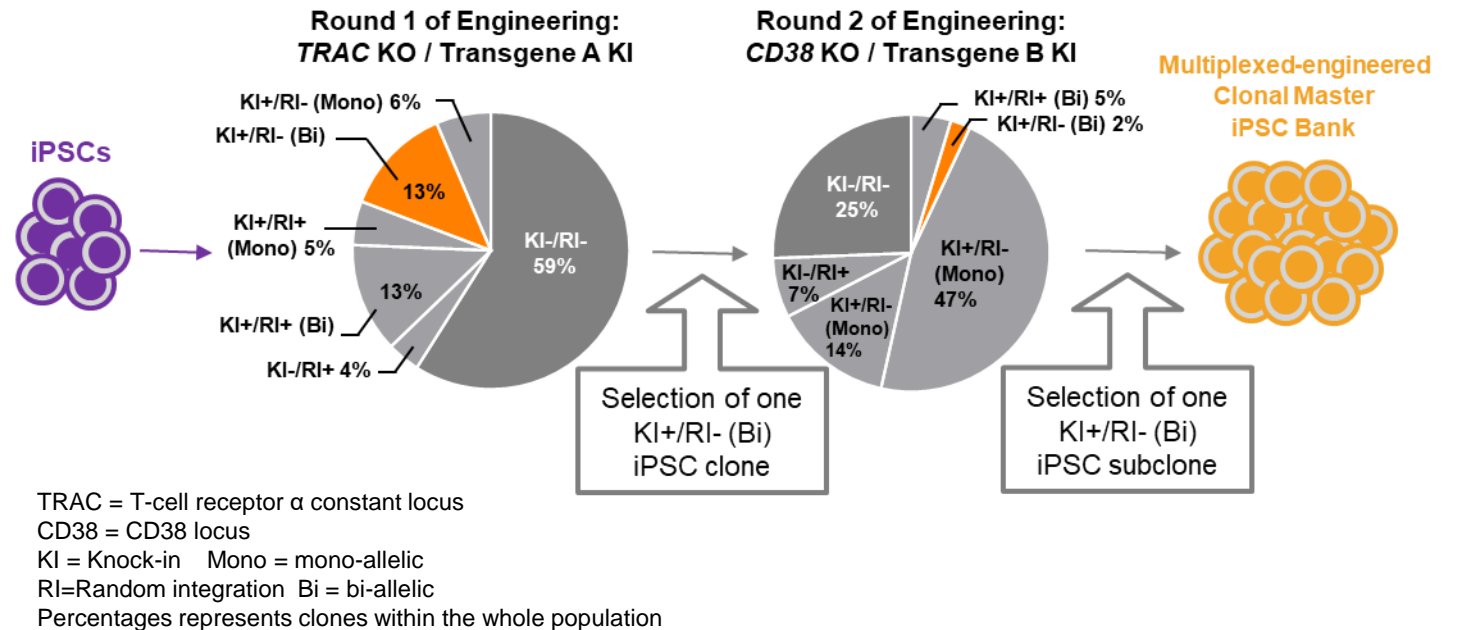


Single iPSC Clone



- Multiplexed Engineering
- Extensive Characterization
- Uniform Composition
- Unlimited Clonal Expansion
- Clonal Master Cell Lines

Unprecedented Resolution in Clonal iPSC Characterization and Selection



Fate Therapeutics' iPSC product platform is supported by an IP portfolio with 500+ issued patents and 500+ pending patent applications

Mass Production of Drug-like Cell Products

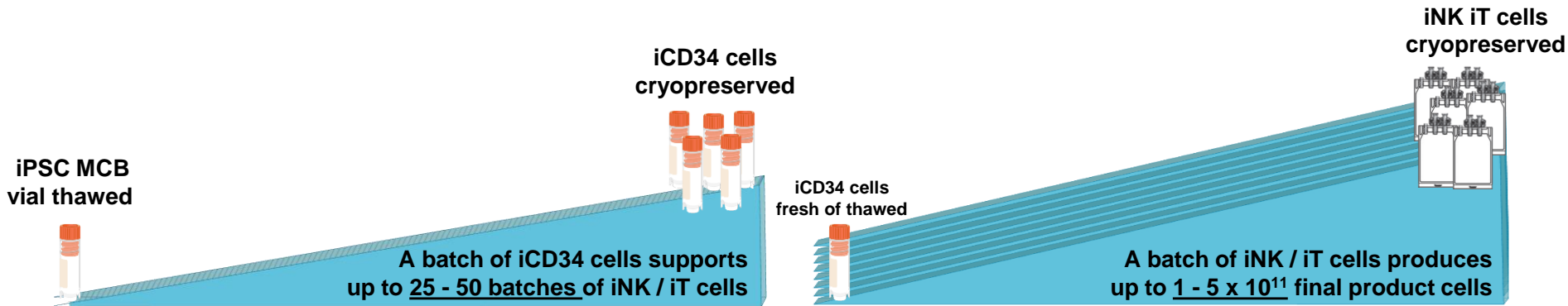
Routine cGMP production of iPSC-derived cell products to meet clinical demand



One iPSC MCB vial has the potential to yield trillions of uniformly-engineered cells

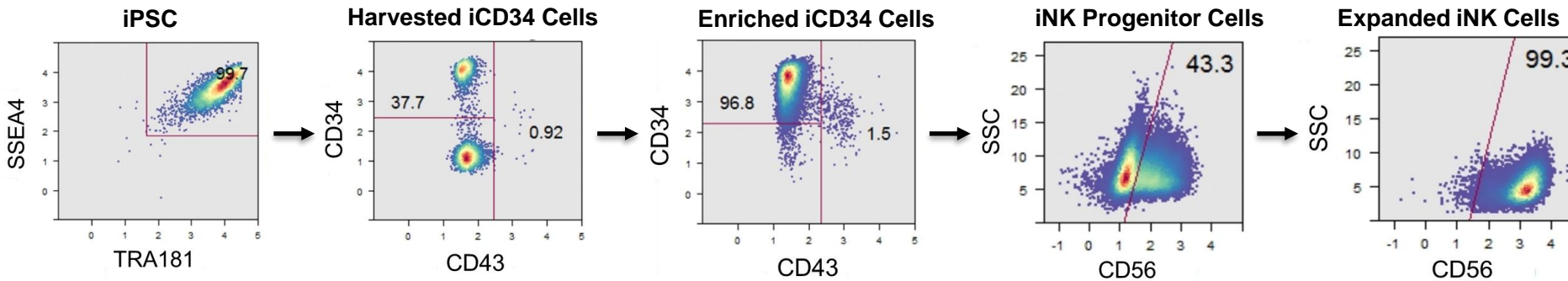
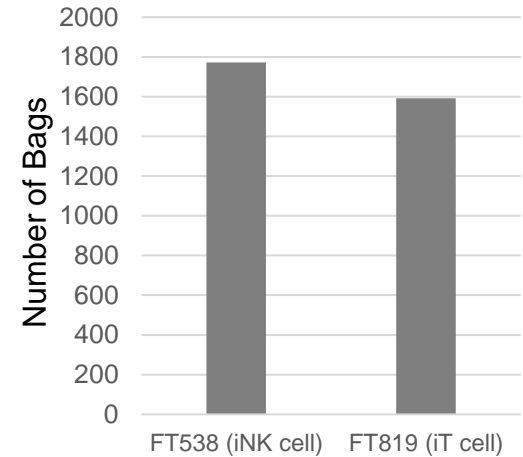
Stage 1: iCD34 Cell Production

Stage 2: iNK/iT Cell Production



Inventory generated through routine manufacture

Number of Drug Product Bags Manufactured (~2-yr period)
(dose = typically 1-3 bags)



Mass Production of Drug-like Cell Products

Advanced Manufacturing Capabilities to Provide Clinical and Early Commercial Supply



State of the Art GMP facility (San Diego, CA)






- 40,000 ft² Fate cGMP manufacturing facility co-located with corporate headquarters
- Launched in 2022 with end-to-end capabilities and controls
 - Licensed by the State of California, Department of Health Services, Food and Drug Branch
 - Commissioned and qualified with first drug product manufacturing runs completed
 - On-site integration with quality, assay development, and process development
- Designed to support US and international clinical development as well as initial commercial launch



Fate Therapeutics

Pioneering Off-the-Shelf iPSC-derived Cell Therapies



-  **Induced Pluripotent Stem Cell Platform** Highly differentiated approach to cell therapy with unmatched engineering capability, manufacturing scale, and product quality and consistency
-  **Eliminate Conditioning Chemotherapy** Proprietary ADR technology to redefine the cell therapy treatment paradigm: outpatient administration, add-on to standard-of-care therapies, reduced toxicities
-  **Cell Therapies for Autoimmune Diseases** Designed to enable on-demand availability, patient convenience, broad therapeutic reach, and cost-effective utilization
-  **Advanced T-cells for Solid Tumors** Constellation of novel synthetic controls to promote safety, deliver multi-pronged attack, and overcome tumor resistance for clinically meaningful outcomes
-  **Next Generation T-cell Therapies** Highly sophisticated T-cell therapies with direct effector cell function, secretion of immune modulators, and synergy with host immune system



Product Pipeline

First-in-class Product Pipeline

Multiplexed-engineered, iPSC-derived CAR NK Cell and CAR T-cell Product Candidates



Program	Indication	CAR Targets	Research	Preclinical	Phase 1	Partner
CAR T-cell Product Candidates						
FT819	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus	CD19				
FT825	Solid Tumors	HER2/EGFR				
Undisclosed	Solid Tumors	Undisclosed				
FT836	Broad Spectrum in Solid Tumor w/o CC	MICA/B				
FT829	Broad Spectrum in Autoimmune w/o CC	CD19/CD38				
FT8XX	Multiple Therapeutic Areas	Undisclosed				
CAR NK cell Product Candidates						
FT522	B-cell Lymphoma w/o CC	CD19, 4-1BB				
FT522	Autoimmunity w/o CC					
NG iNKs	Multiple Therapeutic Areas	Undisclosed				



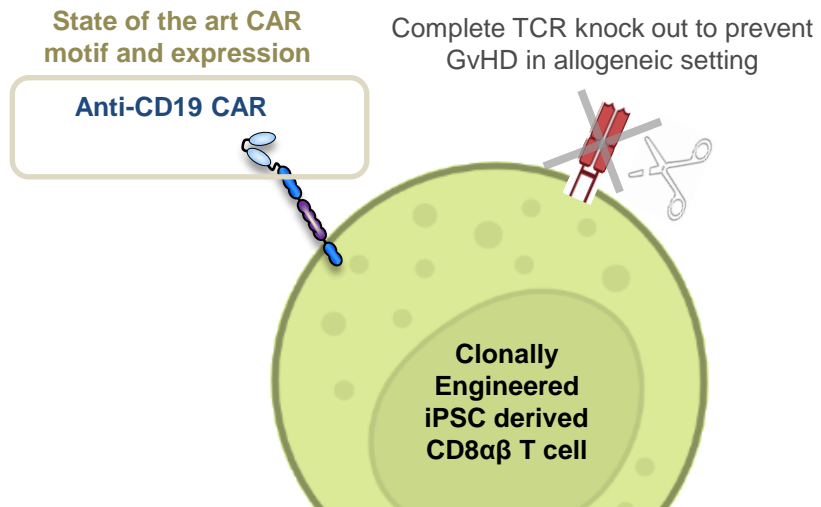
FT819 Program

Off-the-shelf, CD19-targeted CAR T-cell Product Candidate

Off-the-Shelf CAR T cells for Safe and Effective Targeting of CD19+ B cells with Broad Patient Accessibility



FT819: **First-of-kind off-the-shelf CAR T cell**



nature biomedical engineering ARTICLES
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41551-022-00915-0>
Check for updates

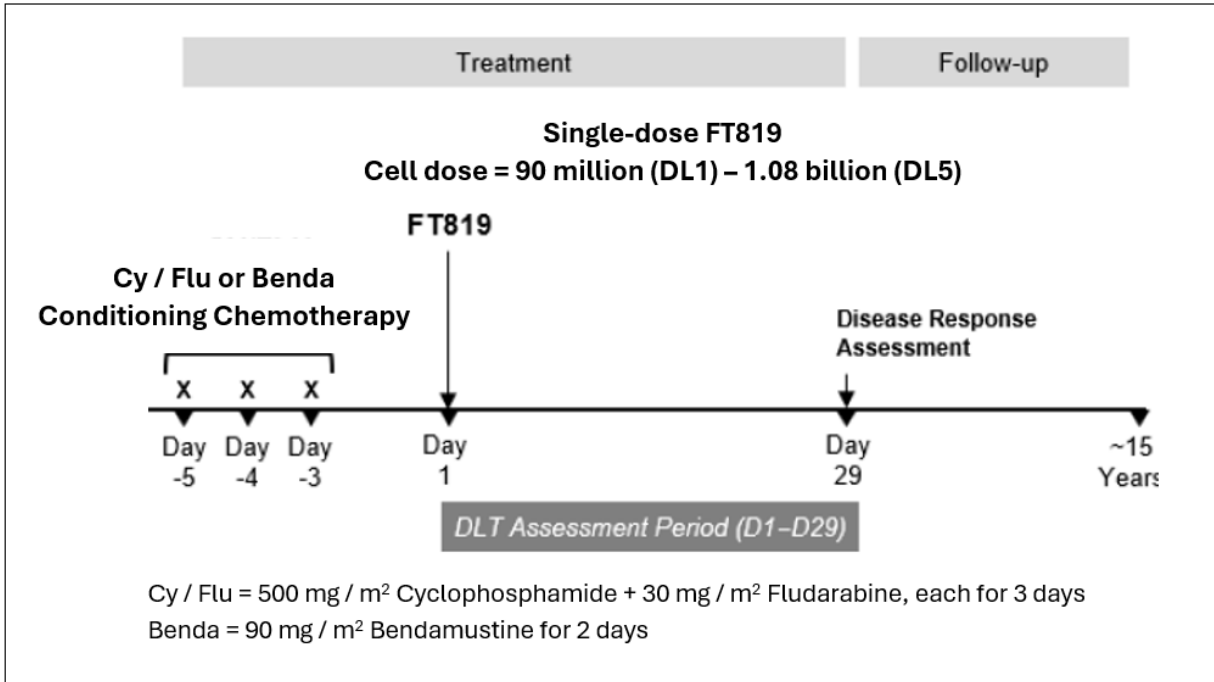
Generation of T-cell-receptor-negative CD8αβ-positive CAR T cells from T-cell-derived induced pluripotent stem cells

Sjoukje J. C. van der Stegen^{1,2}, Pieter L. Lindenberg^{1,2,3}, Roseanna M. Petrovic^{1,2}, Hongyao Xie^{1,2}, Mame P. Diop^{1,2}, Vera Alexeeva^{1,2}, Yuzhe Shi^{1,2}, Jorge Mansilla-Soto^{1,2}, Mohamad Hamieh^{1,2}, Justin Eyquem^{1,2,6}, Annalisa Cabriolu^{1,2}, Xiuyan Wang⁴, Ramzey Abujarour⁵, Tom Lee⁵, Raedun Clarke⁵, Bahram Valamehr⁵, Maria Themeli³, Isabelle Riviere⁴ and Michel Sadelain^{1,2}✉

- Derived from a **clonal master engineered iPSC line** incorporating unique functional elements:
 - **1XX CAR19**: Novel chimeric antigen receptor consisting of CD28 costimulatory domain and modified CD3z signaling domain for optimal effector cell safety and activity
 - **TRAC targeted CAR**: Chimeric antigen receptor integrated into the T Cell Receptor Alpha Constant region to be regulated by endogenous control of TCR expression for optimal CAR function
 - **TCR null**: Bi-allelic disruption of TRAC at the clonal level for complete removal of TCR expression and the elimination of the possibility of GvHD in allogeneic setting
 - **Delivered on-demand**: Manufactured at large scale from a renewable master cell bank that is engineered one-time producing uniform drug product and maintained as an off-the-shelf inventory

FT819-101 Phase 1 Study: First iPSC-derived CAR T-cell Clinical Trial

Initial Clinical Experience in Relapsed / Refractory B-cell Lymphoma



Heavily Pre-treated Patient Population

- Median of 4 prior lines of therapy (range 2-12)
- >71% of patients with aggressive large B-cell lymphoma (LBCL) had previously received auto CD19-targeted CAR T cell therapy

Safety Profile (n=25)

- No dose-limiting toxicities (DLTs); no events of immune effector-cell associated neurotoxicity syndrome (ICANS) or graft-versus-host disease (GvHD)
- 2 patients (8%) had G2 cytokine release syndrome (CRS); no events of G3+ CRS
- No FT819-related study discontinuations or deaths; no patients experienced secondary malignancies, including MDS or T-cell leukemia

Activity Profile in Relapsed / Refractory Aggressive BCL (n=17)

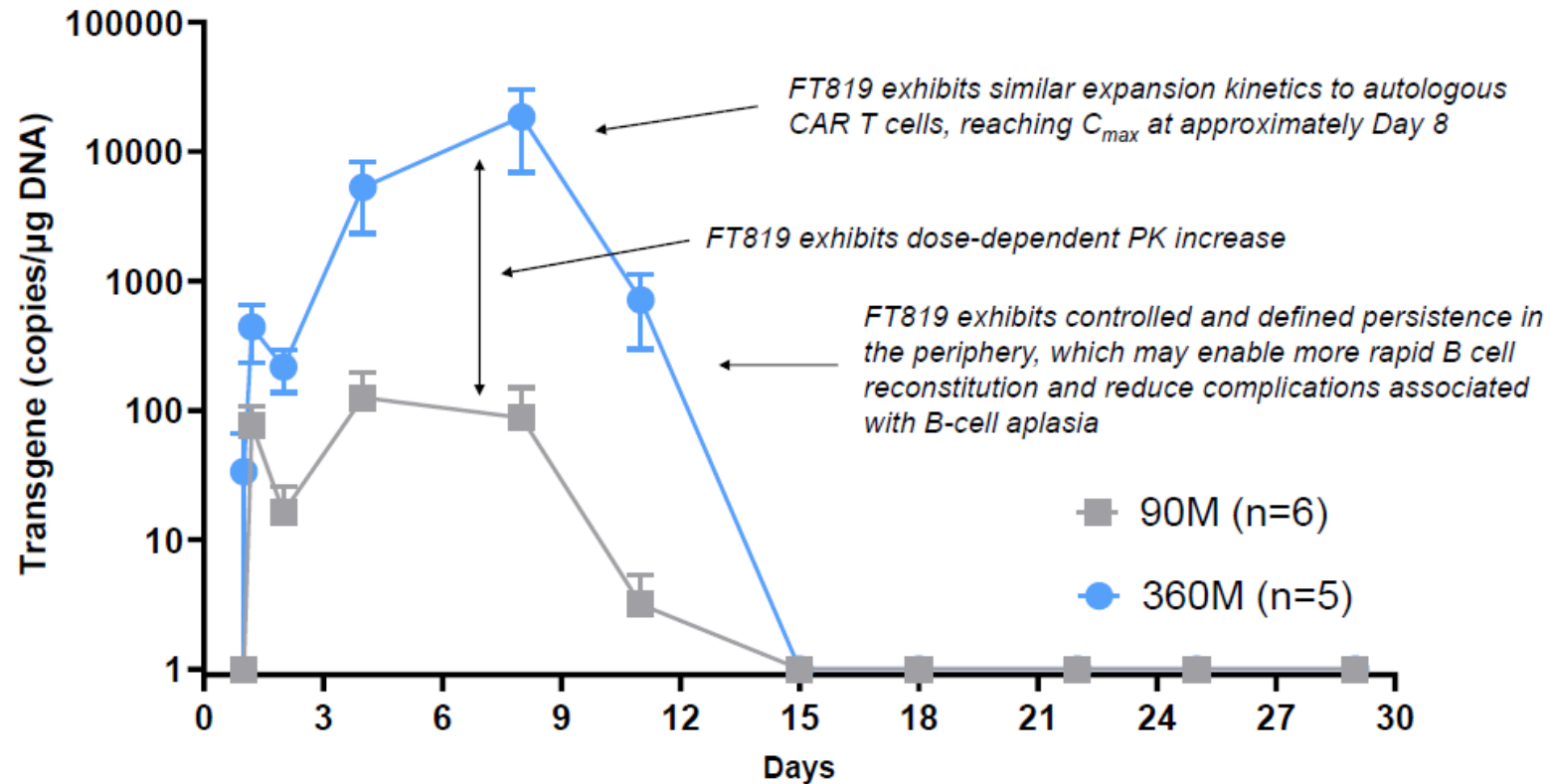
- 47% ORR / 24% CR, with 60% ORR / 40% CR rate in patients naïve to treatment with auto CD19-targeted CAR T
- Patients with CR maintained response at 3 months from first infusion, with longest DOR >1 year

FT819 Pharmacokinetics

Phase 1 translational data illustrates measurable PK



FT819 demonstrates dose-dependent CAR T-cell expansion and exposure*

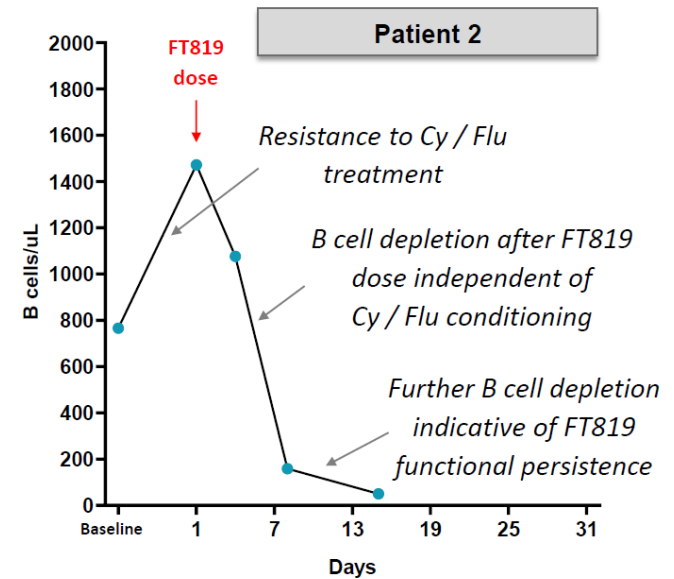
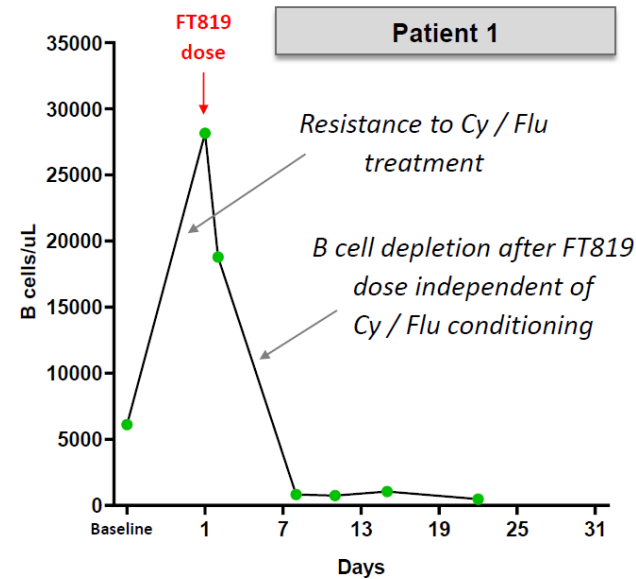
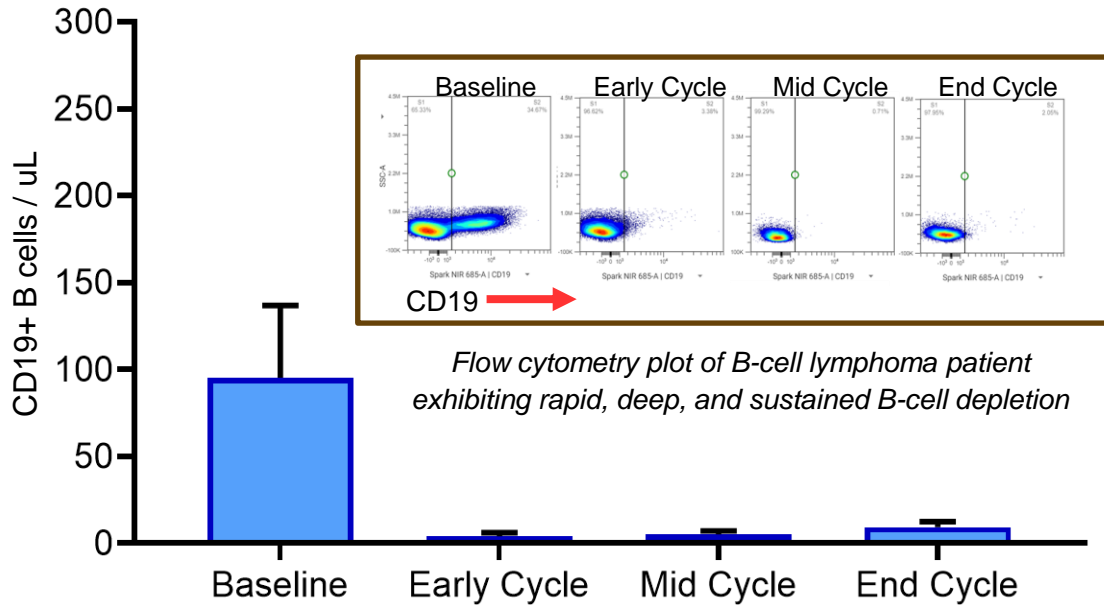


* FT819 PK (mean ± SEM) at 90 and 360 million cells in patients with r/r B-cell lymphoma (BCL) (n=11). *In vivo* CAR T-cell expansion and persistence were measured by a ddPCR assay according to the number of CAR transgene copies per microgram of genomic DNA in blood samples.

FT819 Exhibits Durable and Specific Elimination of B cells in Lymphoma Patients

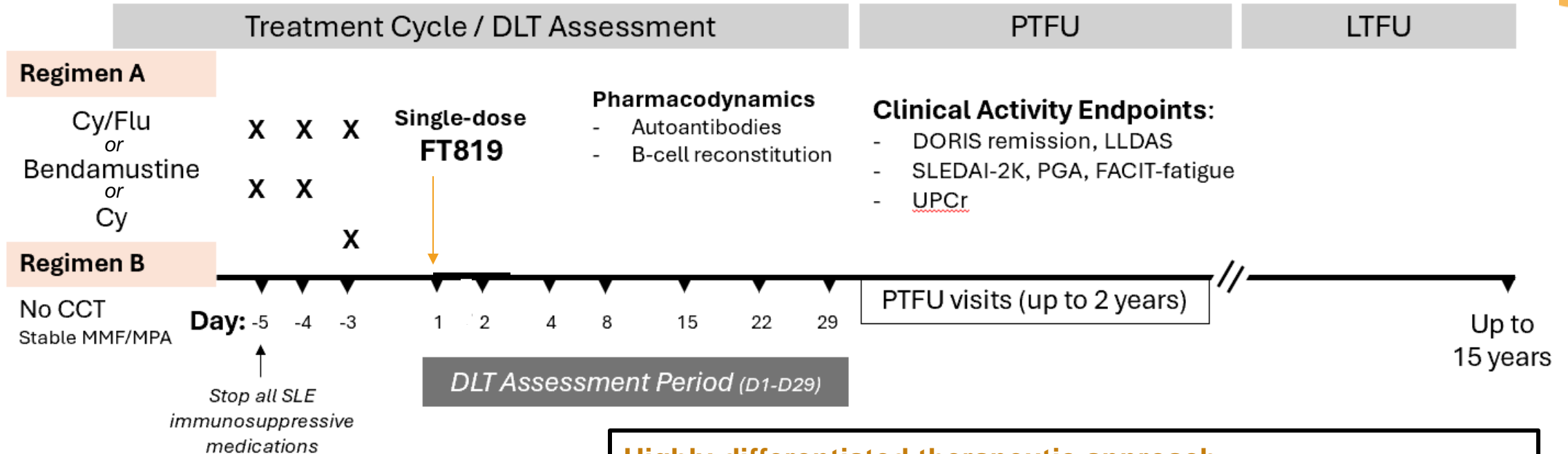
As a monotherapy in a lymphoma clinical trial, FT819 demonstrated the ability to support rapid, deep and sustained B-cell Depletion

Where Cy / Flu conditioning did not result in B-cell depletion in the periphery, a single dose of FT819 achieved rapid and deep depletion of supraphysiological B-cell burden



FT819 in SLE (FT819-102)

First-of-kind Treatment of SLE with Off-the-Shelf anti-CD19 CAR T cell Therapy (NCT06308978)



Regimen	Description
A	Single FT819 dose following CCT with one of the following auxiliary medicinal products (AMPs): 1) Cyclophosphamide (CY) /Fludarabine (FLU) 2) Bendamustine 3) Cyclophosphamide (CY) alone
B	Single FT819 dose without AMP, in patients on a stable dose of MMF/mycophenolic acid (MPA)

- Highly-differentiated therapeutic approach**
- ✓ Does not require patient apheresis
 - ✓ Does not require discontinuation of maintenance therapy
 - ✓ Does not require intense conditioning chemotherapy
 - ✓ Does not require extended hospitalization
 - ✓ Available on-demand
 - ✓ Low cost per dose
 - ✓ Favorable safety profile

First 3 Patients Treated in FT819-102

Lupus Nephritis patients with multiple prior therapies, all given fludarabine-free conditioning



FT819 in SLE: Baseline Characteristics

Patient #	1	2	3
Age / Gender	28 F	21 F	29 F
Disease Type	Active Lupus Nephritis	Active Lupus Nephritis	Active Lupus Nephritis
Disease Duration	~11 years	~4.5 years	~17 years
Ongoing Therapies (Baseline)	GC, HCQ	HCQ	GC, HCQ
Prior Therapies	AZA, BEL, MMF, RTX, HCQ, GC	CY, ANI, BEL, HCQ, MMF, MTX, RTX	CY, BEL, MMF, MTX, RTX, HCQ, GC
Conditioning Regimen	Bendamustine (90 mg/m ² ; Days -5 and -4)	CY (1000 mg/m ² ; Day -3)	CY (1000 mg/m ² ; Day -3)

ANI = anifrolumab; AZA = azathioprine; BEL = belimumab; CY = cyclophosphamide; GC = glucocorticoids; HCQ = hydroxychloroquine; MMF = mycophenolate mofetil; MTX = methotrexate; RTX = rituximab; TAC = tacrolimus

FT819 in SLE: Safety and Tolerability – Regimen A

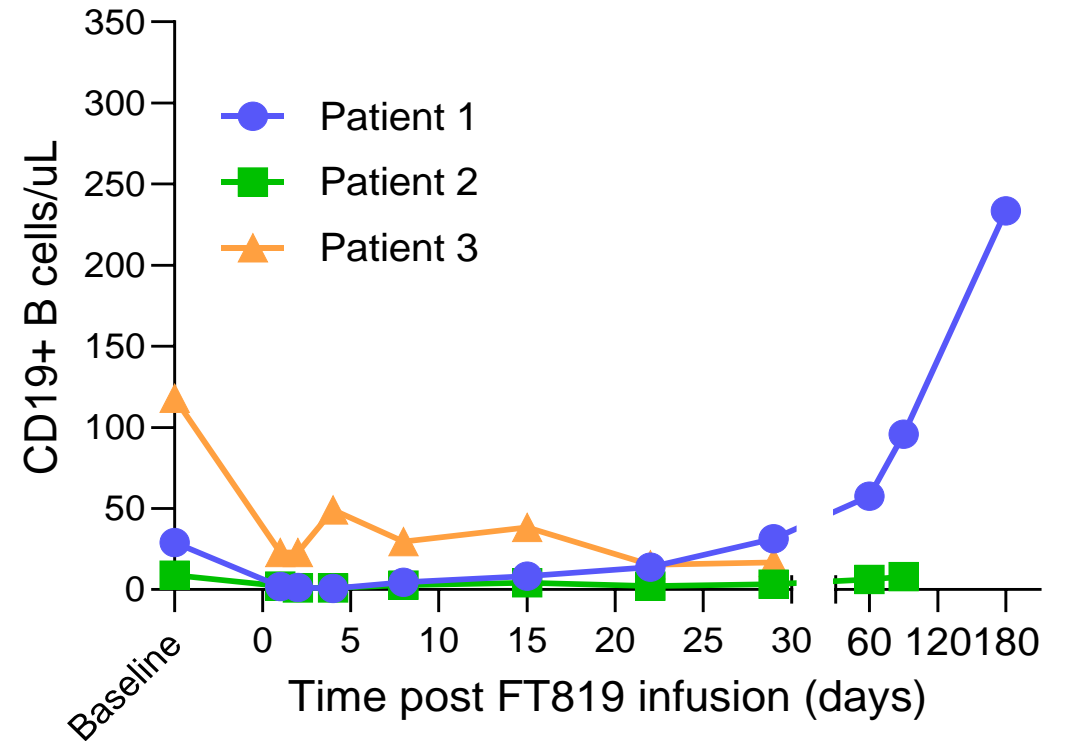
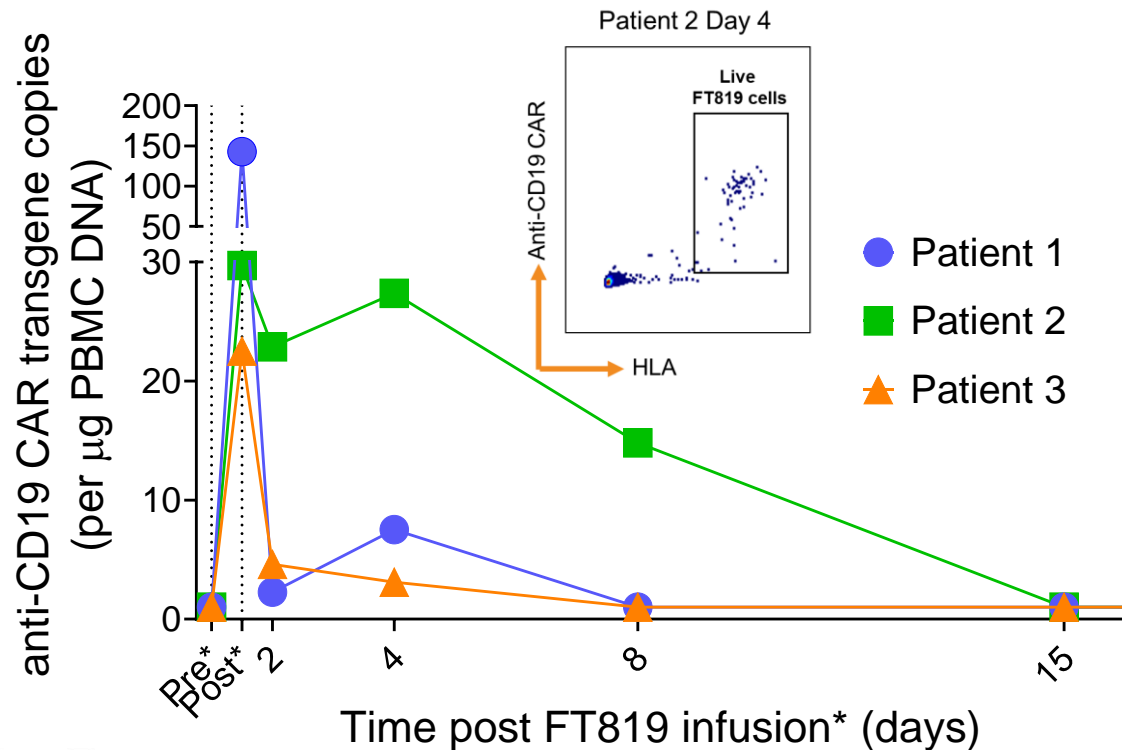
1. Three patients were dosed at DL1 (single dose, 360M cells)
2. No dose limiting toxicities (DLTs) were observed
3. No events of any grade of CRS, ICANS, GvHD
4. Company intends to expand DL1 to up to 10 patients and to dose escalate to DL2 at 720M cells

FT819 Exhibits Persistence and B cell Depletion in the Presence of Fludarabine-free Conditioning



FT819 is detected in the peripheral blood for approximately two weeks in SLE patients after treatment with either bendamustine (two doses) or cyclophosphamide (one dose)

In the presence of light conditioning and in dose level 1, FT819 demonstrates durable B cell depletion for at least one month post treatment



FT819-102 Patient 1 Case Study

6-month Evaluation Reveals Complete Clinical Response and Suggests Durable Immunological Reset



FT819 Patient 1 Case Study: DORIS Clinical Remission and LLDAS at 6-month Follow-up

Safety & Tolerability

- No apheresis, and no tapering of therapy, prior to treatment
- Patient was hospitalized for 3 days for treatment with fludarabine-free conditioning and a single dose of FT819 and discharged
- No Grade ≥ 3 adverse events
- No adverse events related to FT819
- No events of any grade of CRS, ICANS, or GvHD
- No serious adverse events

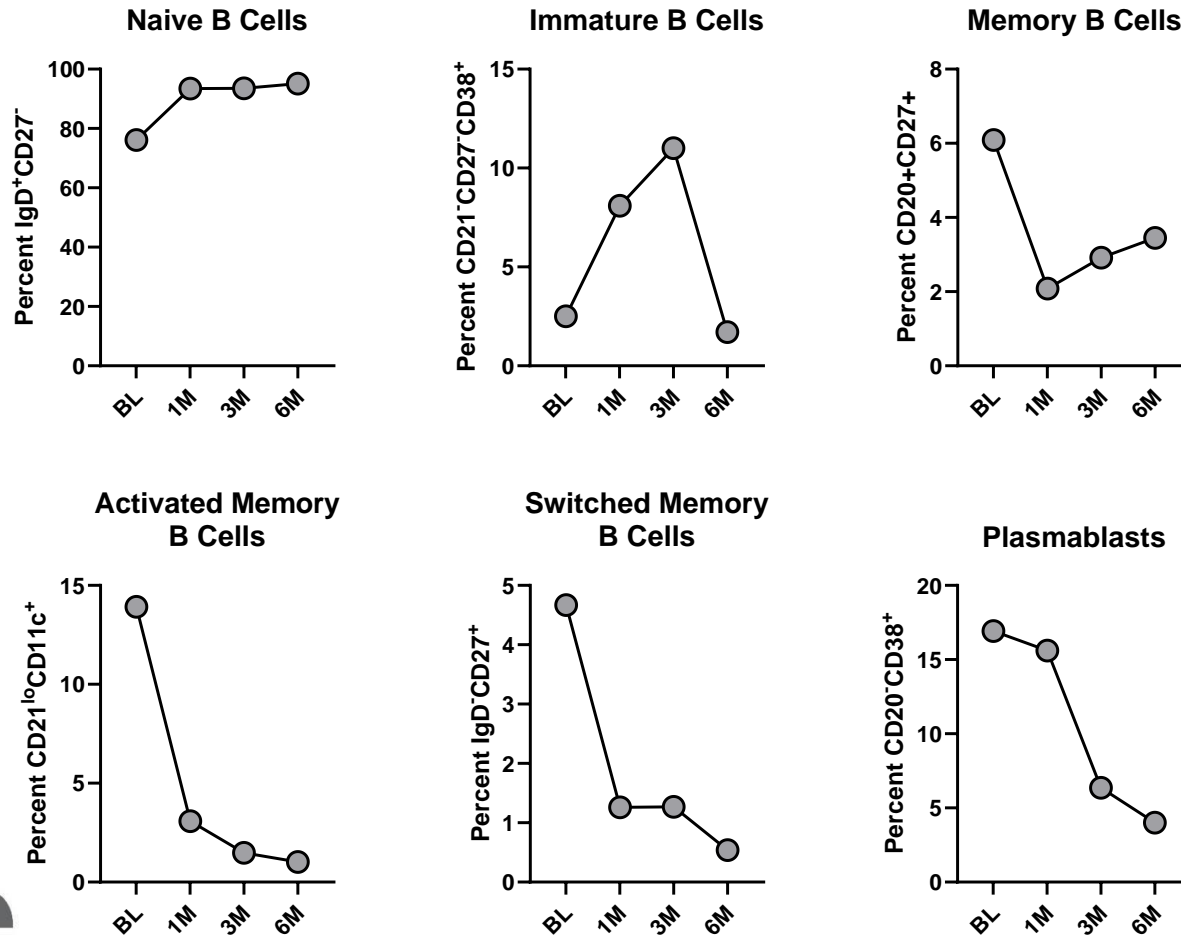
6-month Clinical Assessment

- Achieved DORIS clinical remission and LLDAS
 - **PGA disease severity = 0 (from 2.5)**
 - **UPCR ≤ 0.5 (from ≥ 1.0)**
 - **FACIT = 51 (from 33), with 52 being highest possible score indicative of no fatigue**
- Patient was tapered off steroids at 3 months
- Patient continues on-study, off steroids, and in remission

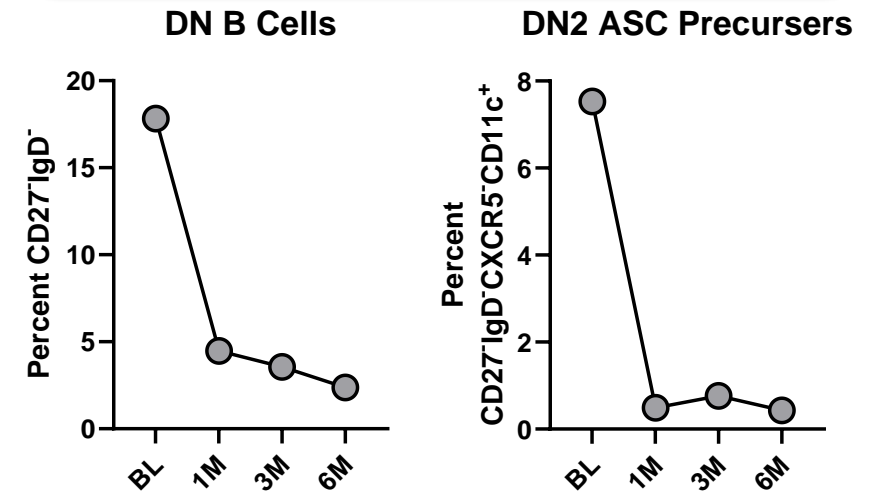
FT819-102 Patient 1: 6-month Evaluation Suggests Immune Reset Has Been Achieved



Patient 1: Reconstituting B cells are predominantly naïve with limited activated and switched memory phenotypes



Patient 1: Pathogenic double-negative (DN) B cell subset is low in the reconstituting B cell pool, suggesting an immune reset





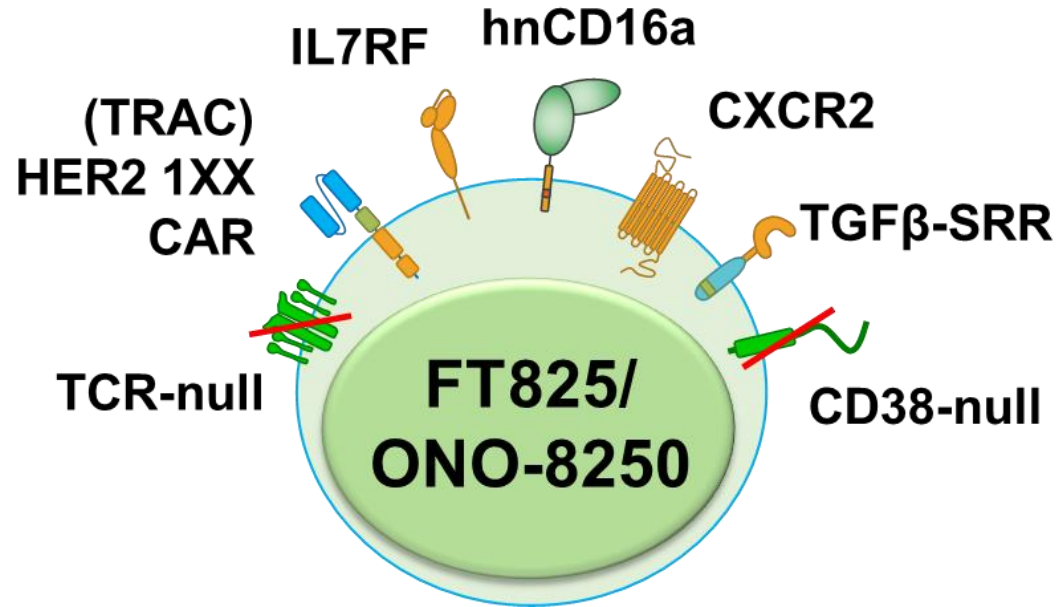
FT825 Program

Off-the-shelf, HER2-targeted CAR T-cell Product Candidate

FT825/ONO-8250: First-in-Class, Off-the-Shelf, Seven-Point Edited HER2-directed CAR T-Cell Therapy, Engineered for Enhanced Solid Tumor Efficacy



Overcoming the Challenges in Solid Tumors



HER2-targeted CAR T-cell designed to overcome tumor heterogeneity, improve cell trafficking, and resist suppression in the tumor microenvironment

TRAC KO: Complete elimination of TCR *prevents GvHD* in allo-setting

Novel HER2-Directed CAR: *Potent and preferential targeting of tumor cells expressing HER2 with H₂CasMab-2 CAR expression and optimized for enhanced activity*

hnCD16: Enables ADCC when combined with therapeutic monoclonal antibodies to complement CAR to overcome tumor heterogeneity through *multi-antigen targeting*

TGFβ-SRR: *Resistance to TGFβ-mediated suppression commonly found in TME of solid tumors*

CXCR2: Enhancement of *migration into solid tumors*

IL7RE: Enhances CAR iT_ *persistence* and self-renewal

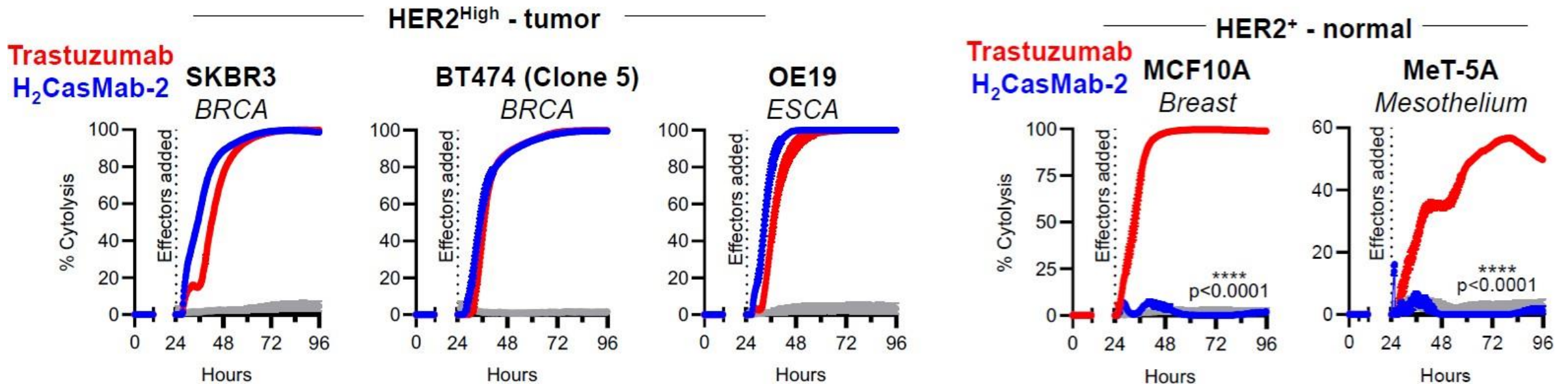
CD38 KO: Potential to enhance metabolic *cell fitness*

FT825 iPSC-derived, HER2-targeted CAR T-Cell Product Candidate

Novel Cancer-specific Antigen Binder Preferentially Targets HER2 on Tumor Cells



Novel cancer-specific antigen binder preferentially targets HER2 on tumor cells with limited recognition of HER2 on healthy cells



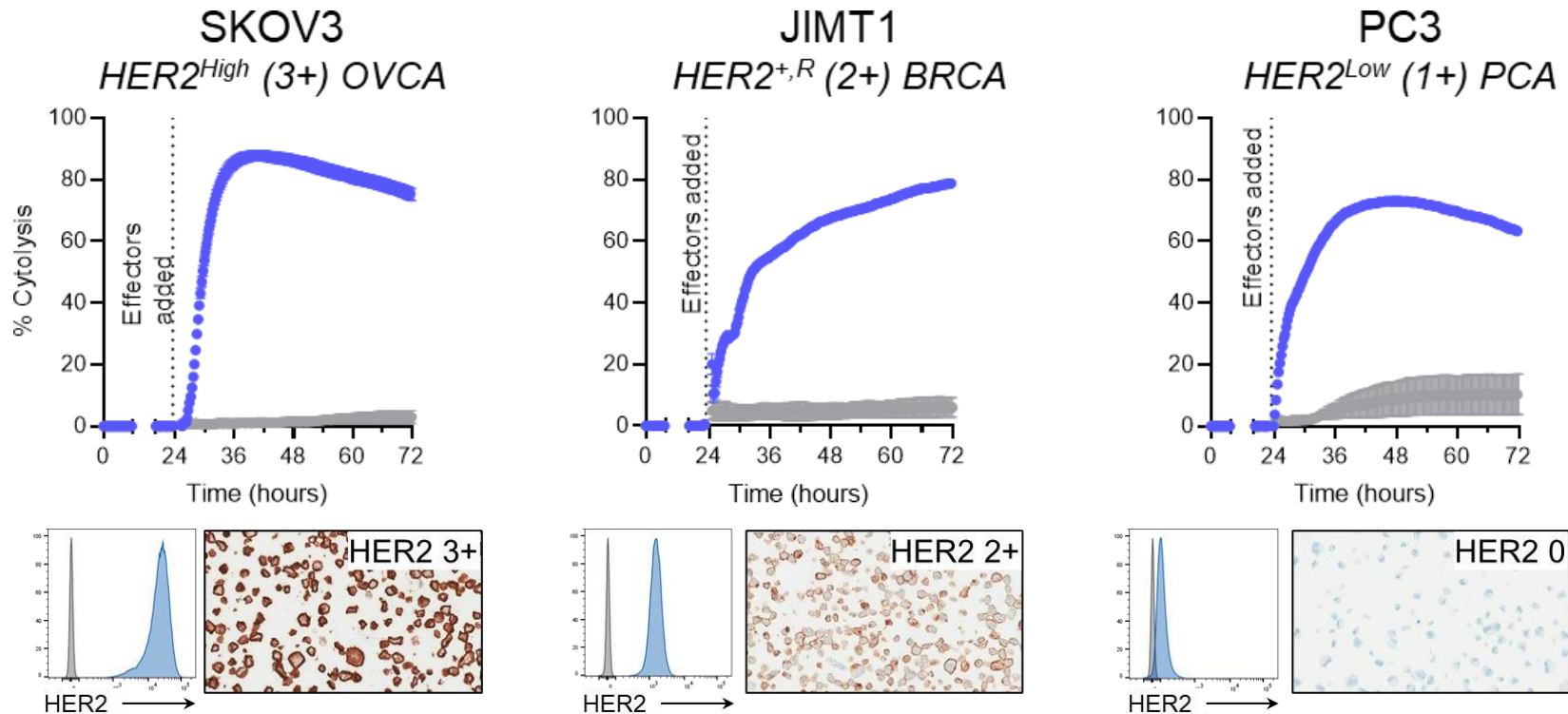
FT825 iPSC-derived, HER2-targeted CAR T-Cell Product Candidate

Novel Cancer-specific Antigen Binder Exhibits Activity Across HER2 Expression Density



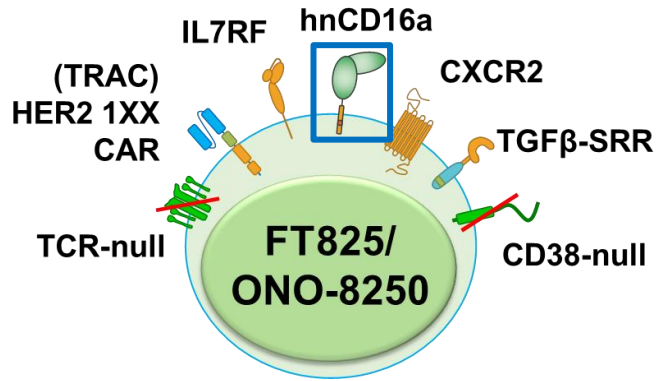
Robust antigen-dependent targeting across HER2 expression levels, including HER2-low tumor cell lines

FT825 Target cells



FT825/ONO-8250: high-affinity, non-cleavable CD16 (hnCD16)

Uniquely enabling innate ADCC function in a T cell for potent anti-tumor activity



hnCD16:

High affinity (176 V/V)

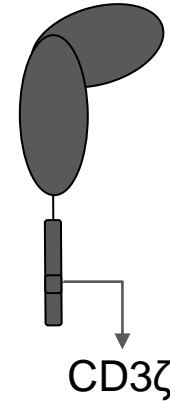
Non-cleavable (ADAM17)

RESEARCH ARTICLE
Identification of an ADAM17 Cleavage Region in Human CD16 (FcγRIII) and the Engineering of a Non-Cleavable Version of the Receptor in NK Cells

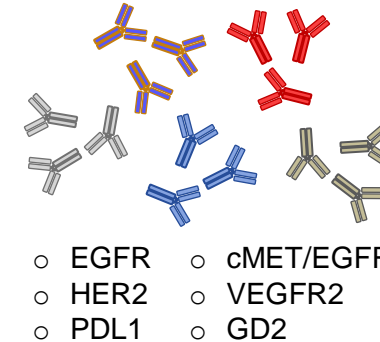
Yawu Jing¹, Zhenya Ni², Jianming Wu¹, LeeAnn Higgins², Todd W. Markowski², Dan S. Kaufman², Bruce Walcheck^{1*}

PMID: 31856277

CD16a/FcγRIIIa

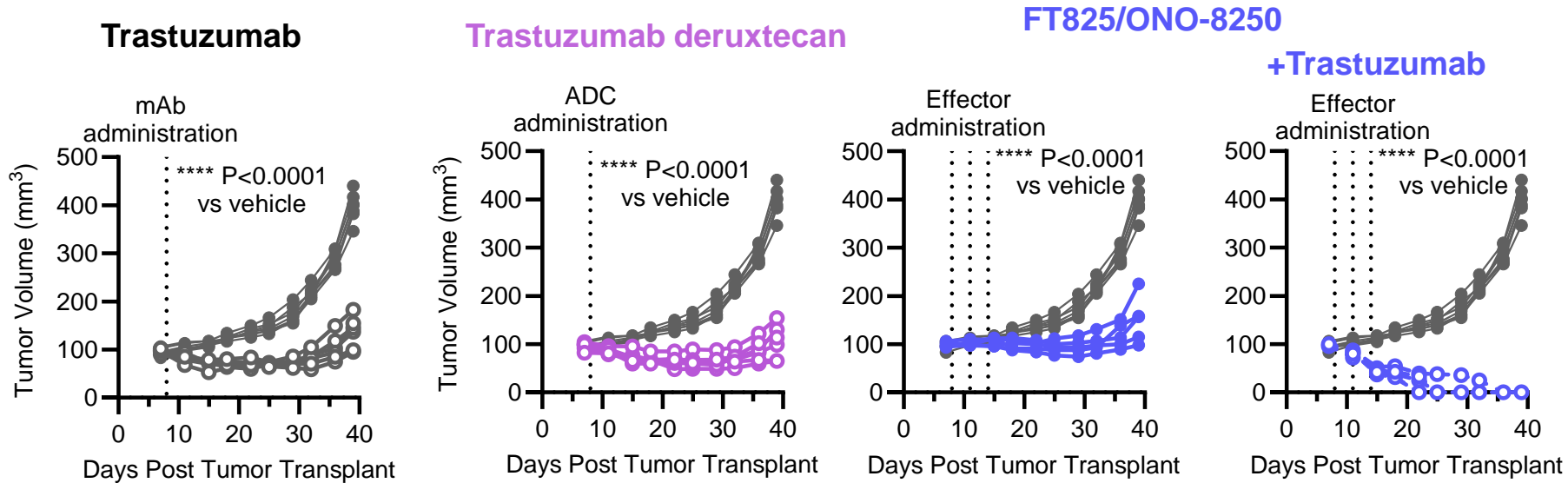


ADCC-enabled therapeutic antibodies

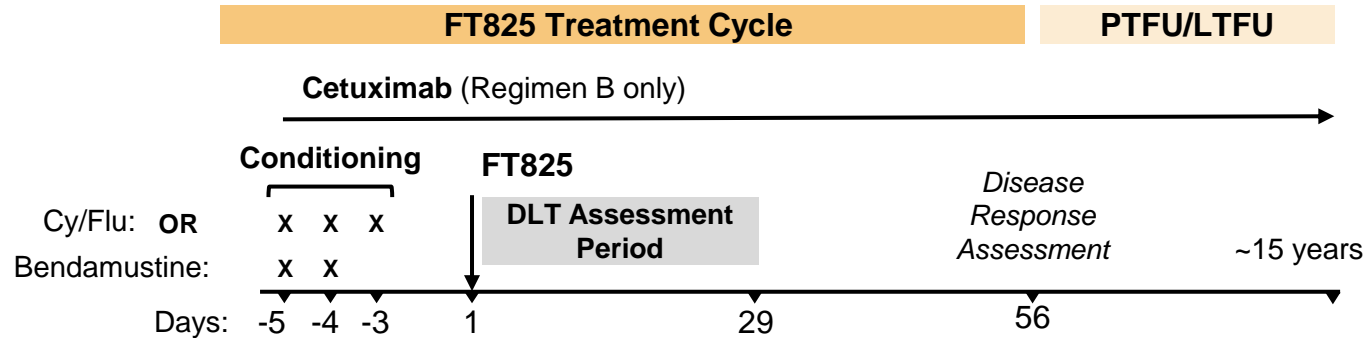


- ✓ Flexible multi-antigen targeting
- ✓ Complementary CAR – mediated killing
- ✓ Enhanced antibody-directed cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC)

Potent CAR-mediated activity of FT825 that can be further enhanced in combination with mAb



FT825/ONO-8250, an Off-the-Shelf, HER2 CAR-T, with or without Monoclonal Antibodies in Advanced Solid Tumors (*NCT06241456*)



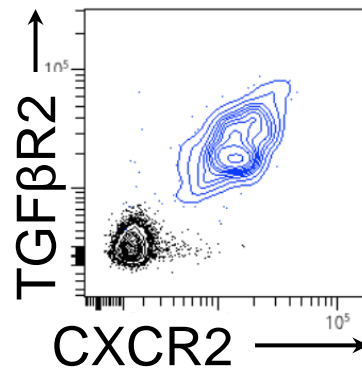
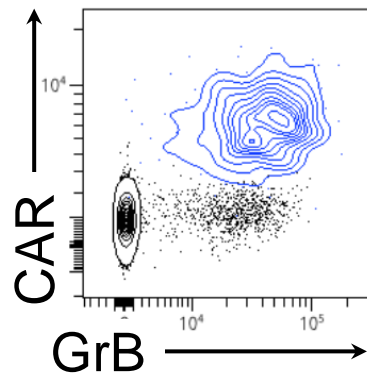
Monotherapy (Regimen A)

- HER2⁺ Breast, Gastric, GEJ cancer
- HER2^{Mut} NSCLC
- HER2⁺ salivary, endometrial, and other cancers

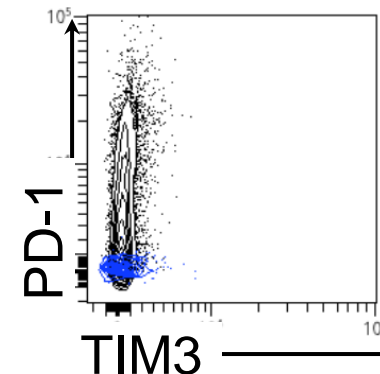
Combination with Cetuximab (Regimen B)

- Colorectal (KRAS WT or BRAF V600E)
- NSCLC (EGFR^{Mut})
- HNSCC

FT825 in patient blood at Day 8 appears poised for anti-tumor activity and maintains homogenous transgene expression



No evidence of immune cell exhaustion



FT825 CD3⁺ T cells



T-cell Platform Innovation

Developing a Portfolio of Engineered Features

Proprietary Functional Elements for Enhanced Cell Functionality & Synergizing with 10 mAbs



Direct Multi-Antigen Targeting

CARs directed to CD19, BCMA, MICA/B, B7H3, others

Combinations with mAbs / Engagers

hnCD16 and synthetic CD3 receptors to uniquely synergize with mAbs and NK cell / T-cell engagers

Immunosuppressive Resistance

Synthetic TGFB redirector to promote activation in response to immuno-suppressive TME

Cell Homing

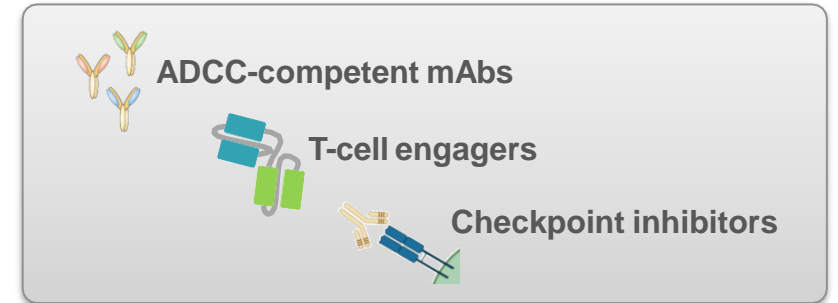
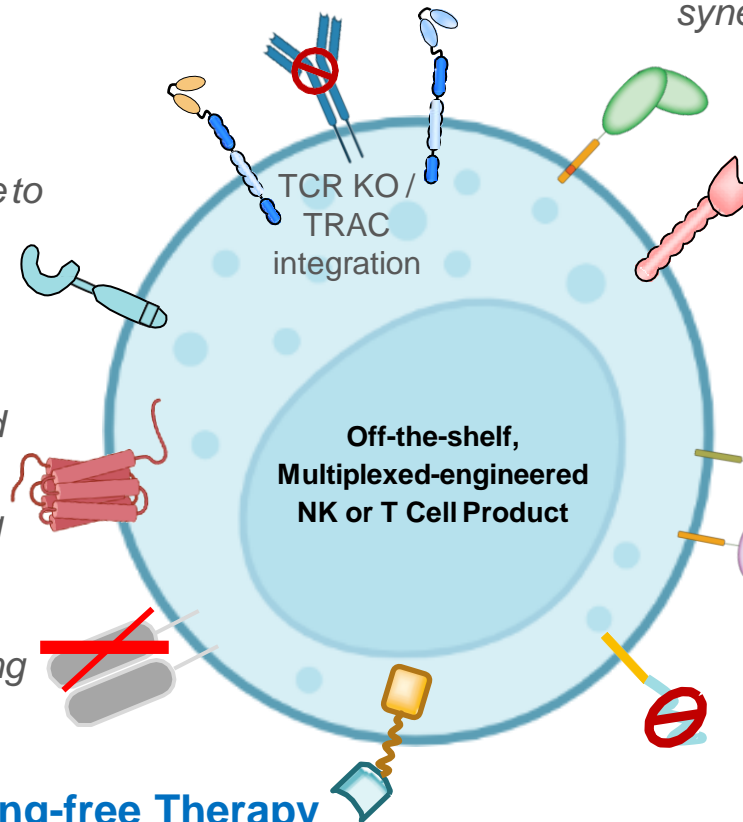
Synthetic CXCR2 receptor coupled with natural CXCR3 and CXCR4 receptors to promote cell trafficking

Stealth

Slippery receptor engineering to prevent rejection

Conditioning-free Therapy

Allo-defense receptor (ADR) to redirect host immune cell alloreactivity and promote activation



Cytokine Support

IL15RF, IL7RF and others for cell potentiation

Checkpoint KO

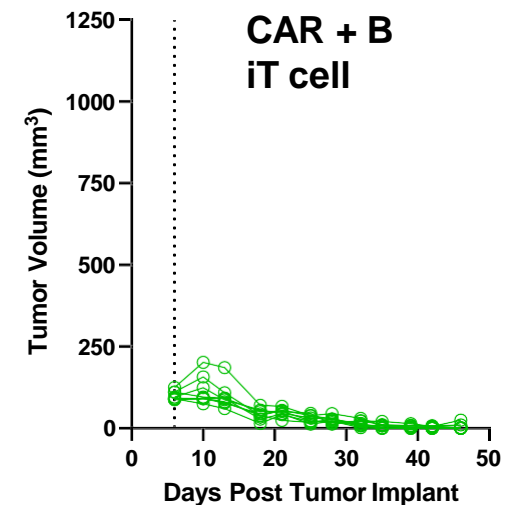
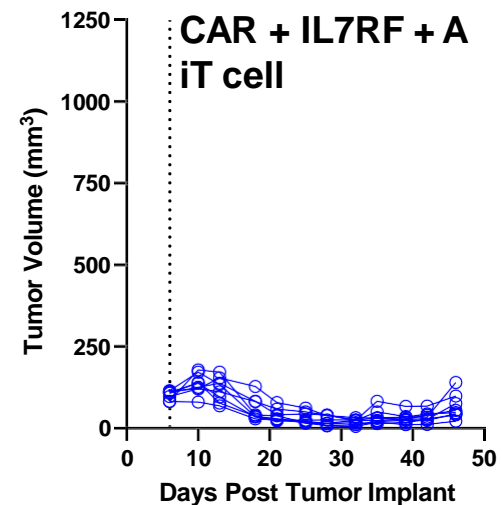
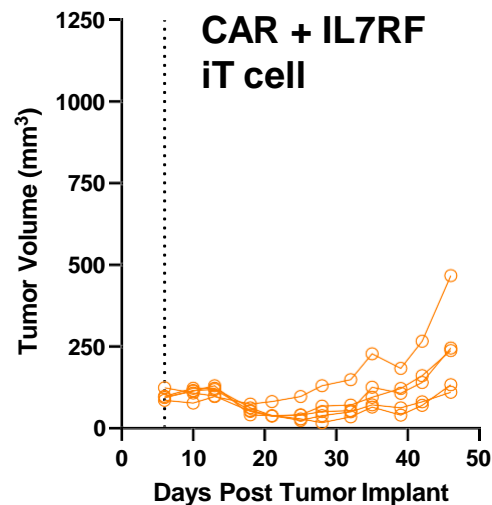
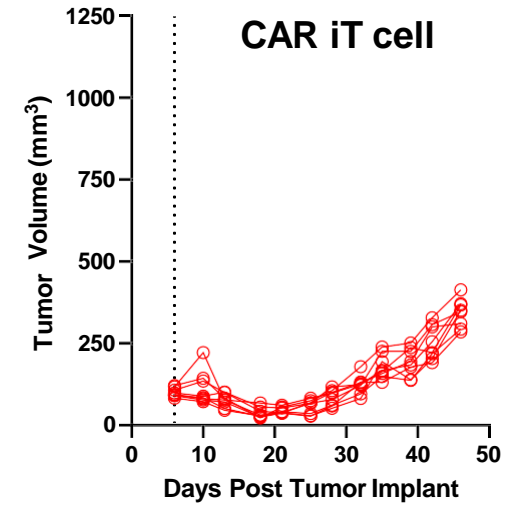
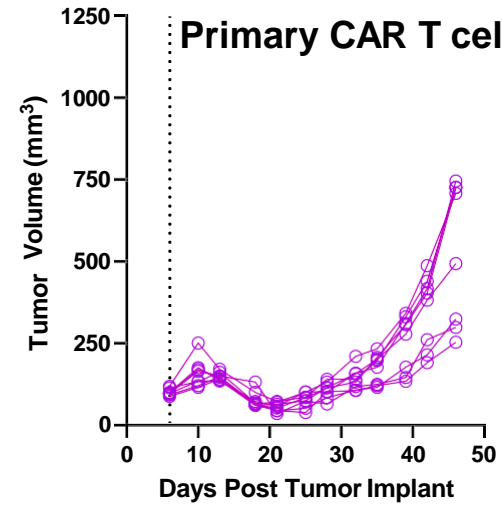
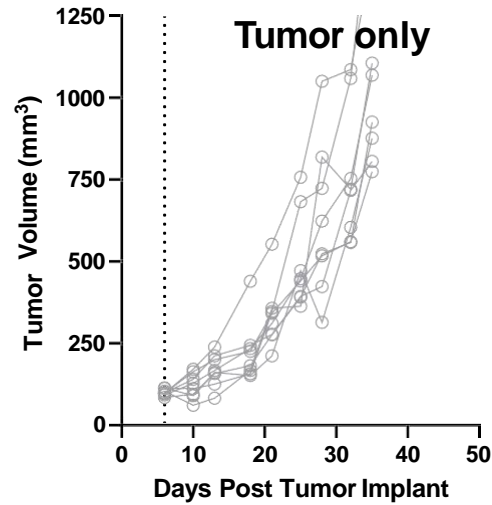
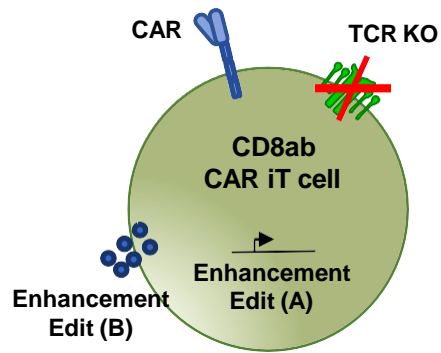
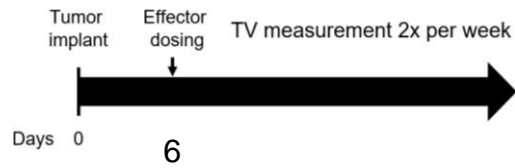
CD38 knock-out to promote metabolic fitness and prevent fratricide

Next-generation iPSC-derived CD8 $\alpha\beta$ CAR T cells

Creating Differentiated iPSC-derived CAR T Cells



Subcutaneous model of prostate cancer



Novel “Sword & Shield” Approach to Eliminate Conditioning Chemotherapy

Superior Compared to Other Immune Evasion Methods

Fate’s Comprehensive Approach to Promote Functional Persistence of Allogeneic Cell Therapies without Conditioning Chemotherapy

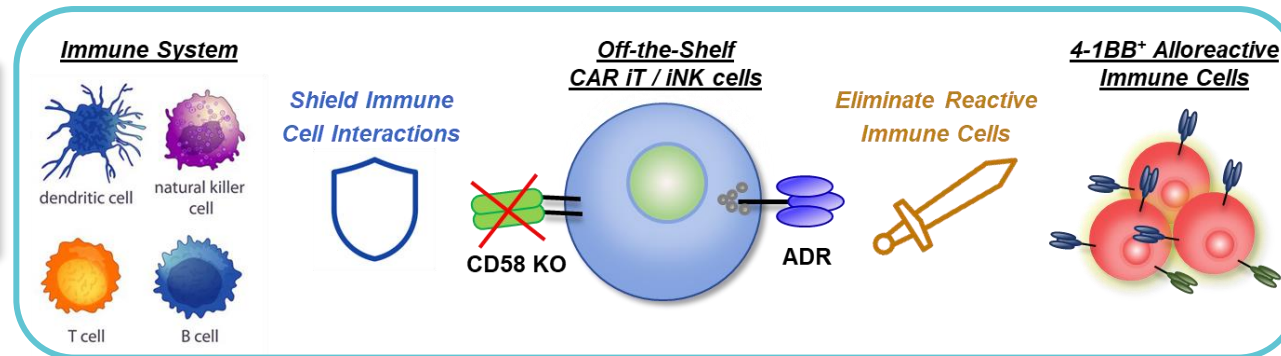


Cell Stem Cell

CellPress
OPEN ACCESS

Short article
Genetic ablation of adhesion ligands mitigates rejection of allogeneic cellular immunotherapies

Quirin Hammer,^{1,2*} Karlo Perica,^{2,3,4,5} Rina M. Mbofung,⁶ Hanna van Ooijen,⁶ Karen E. Martin,^{7,8} Pouria Momayyezi,¹ Erika Varady,⁹ Yijia Pan,² Mark Jelcic,¹⁰ Brian Groff,¹¹ Ramzey Abujarour,² Silje Z. Krokeide,¹² Tom Lee,³ Alan Williams,³ Jode P. Goodridge,² Bahram Valamehr,² Bjorn Onfelt,^{1,2} Michel Sadelain,³ and Karl-Johan Malmberg^{1,2,3,4,13*}



nature
biotechnology

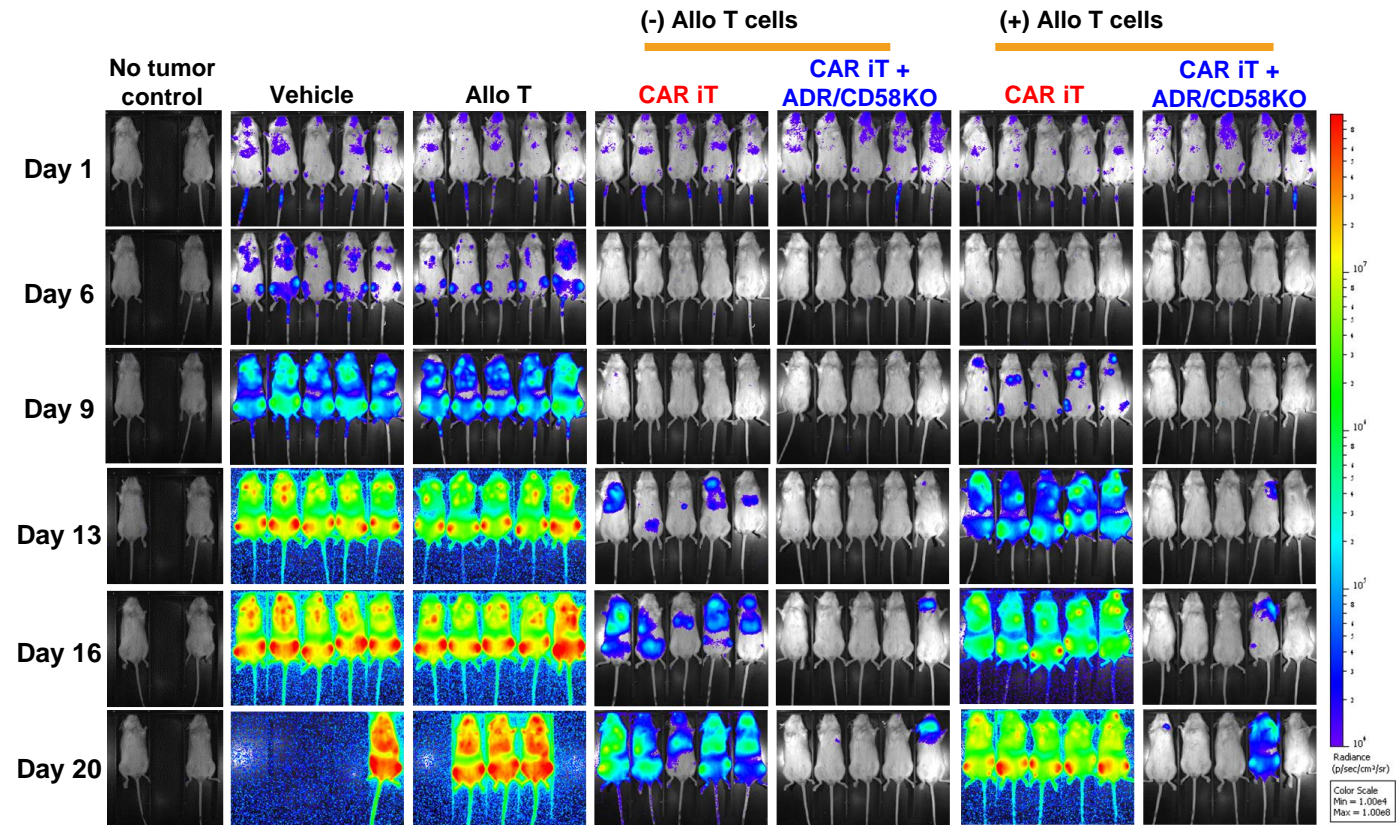
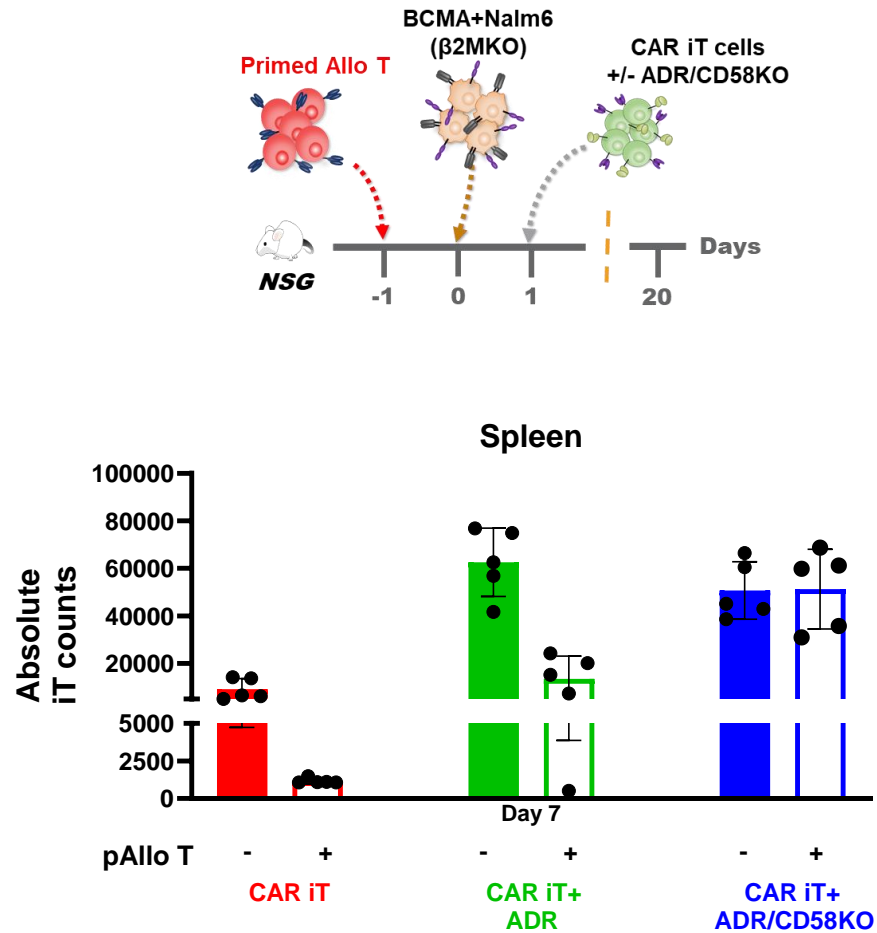
ARTICLES
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41587-020-0601-5>
Check for updates

Engineered off-the-shelf therapeutic T cells resist host immune rejection

Feiyan Mo^{1,2}, Norihiro Watanabe³, Mary K. McKenna¹, M. John Hicks², Madhuwanti Srinivasan¹, Diogo Gomes-Silva⁴, Erden Atilla¹, Tyler Smith¹, Pinar Ataca Atilla¹, Royce Ma^{1,4}, David Quach¹, Helen E. Heslop^{1,2}, Malcolm K. Brenner^{1,2} and Maksim Mamonkin^{1,2,3,4}

Key Attributes	Various Strategies to Overcome the Need for Conditioning Chemotherapy				
	Combination with Intense Conditioning Chemotherapy	Knockout of HLA-I & -II	Knockout of HLA-I & -II + HLA-E	Knockout of HLA-I & -II + CD47	Fate’s Approach ADR Expression CD58 Knockout
Avoidance of rejection by host CD8 T cells	+	+	+	+	+++
Avoidance of rejection by host CD4 T cells	+	+	+	+	+++
Avoidance of rejection by host NK cells	+	-	+/-	+/-	+++
Avoidance of suppression by host Tregs	+	-	-	-	+++
Induction of proliferation signal	+	-	-	-	+++
Creation of endogenous space	+	-	-	-	+++
Avoidance of toxicity associated with immunosuppression	X	✓	✓	✓	✓

Sword & Shield CAR T cells Eliminate the Need for pre-Treatment with Intense Conditioning Chemotherapy Through Selective Targeting and Passive Evasion of Alloreactive Immune cells

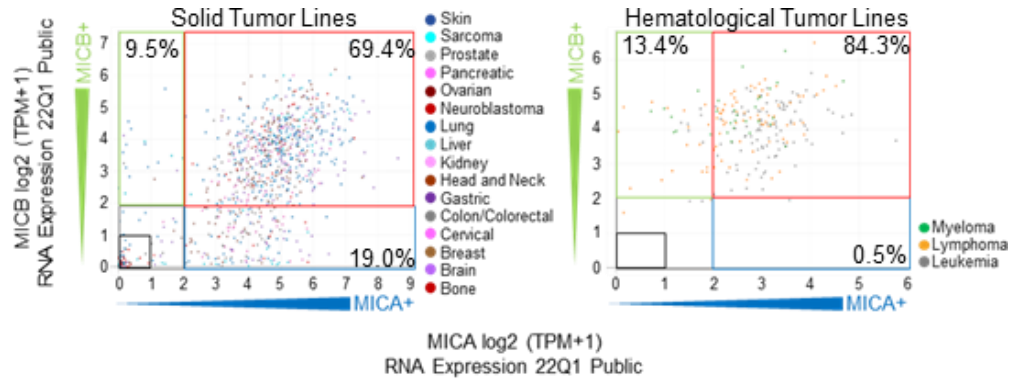


MICA/B-targeted CAR T Cells

α3 Domain Targeting Uniquely Eliminates Broad Array of Tumors in Preclinical Studies



MICA and MICB are stress ligands expressed on many cancers

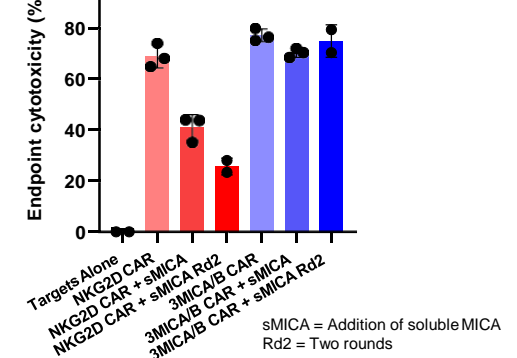


CAR targeting the alpha 3 domain is uniquely resistant to shedding and interference by soluble MICA/B

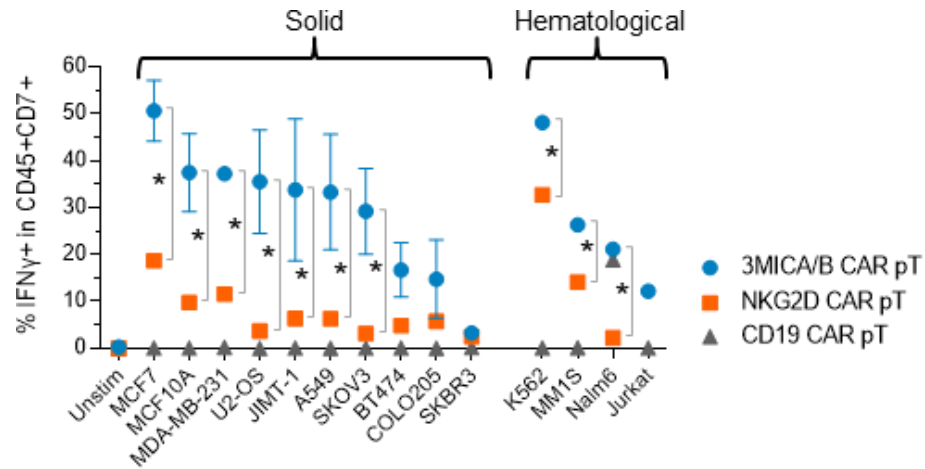
Cytotoxicity post MICA/B cleavage



Cytotoxicity in the presence of sMICA

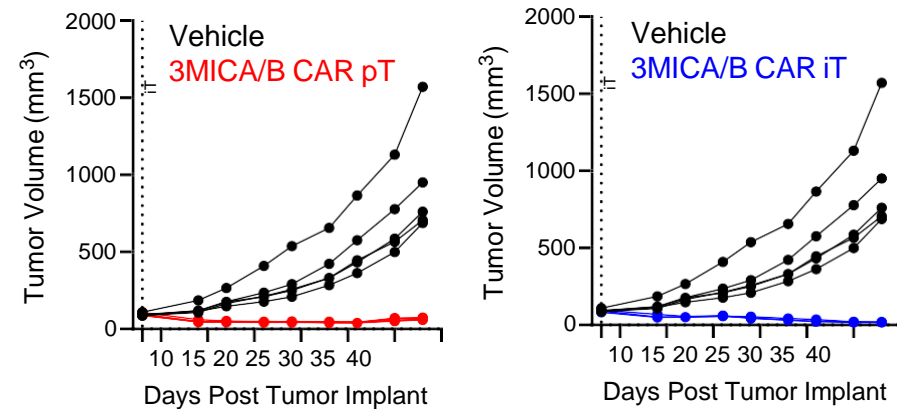


CAR targeting the alpha 3 domain demonstrates pan tumor recognition with enhanced activity over NKG2D CAR



Development of Next Gen CAR iT cells targeting the alpha 3 domain of MICA/B

Prostate Cancer Subcutaneous Model (PC3, single dose effector, no cytokines support)



Black = Tumor only
Blue = iPSC-derived CAR T cells
Red = primary CAR T cells

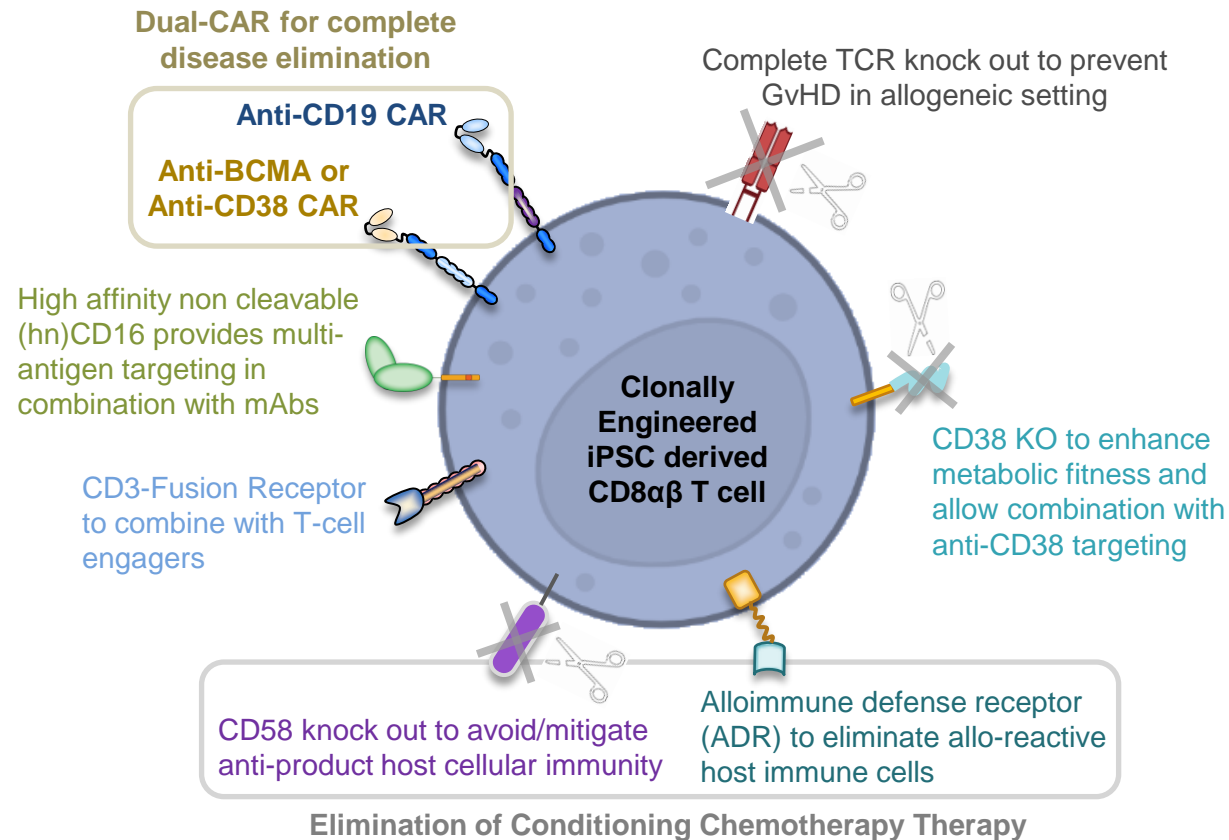
Garcia et al. 2024 ASGCT Annual Conference

Goulding, J. et al Cell Med. 2023 Jul 14;4(7):455-477

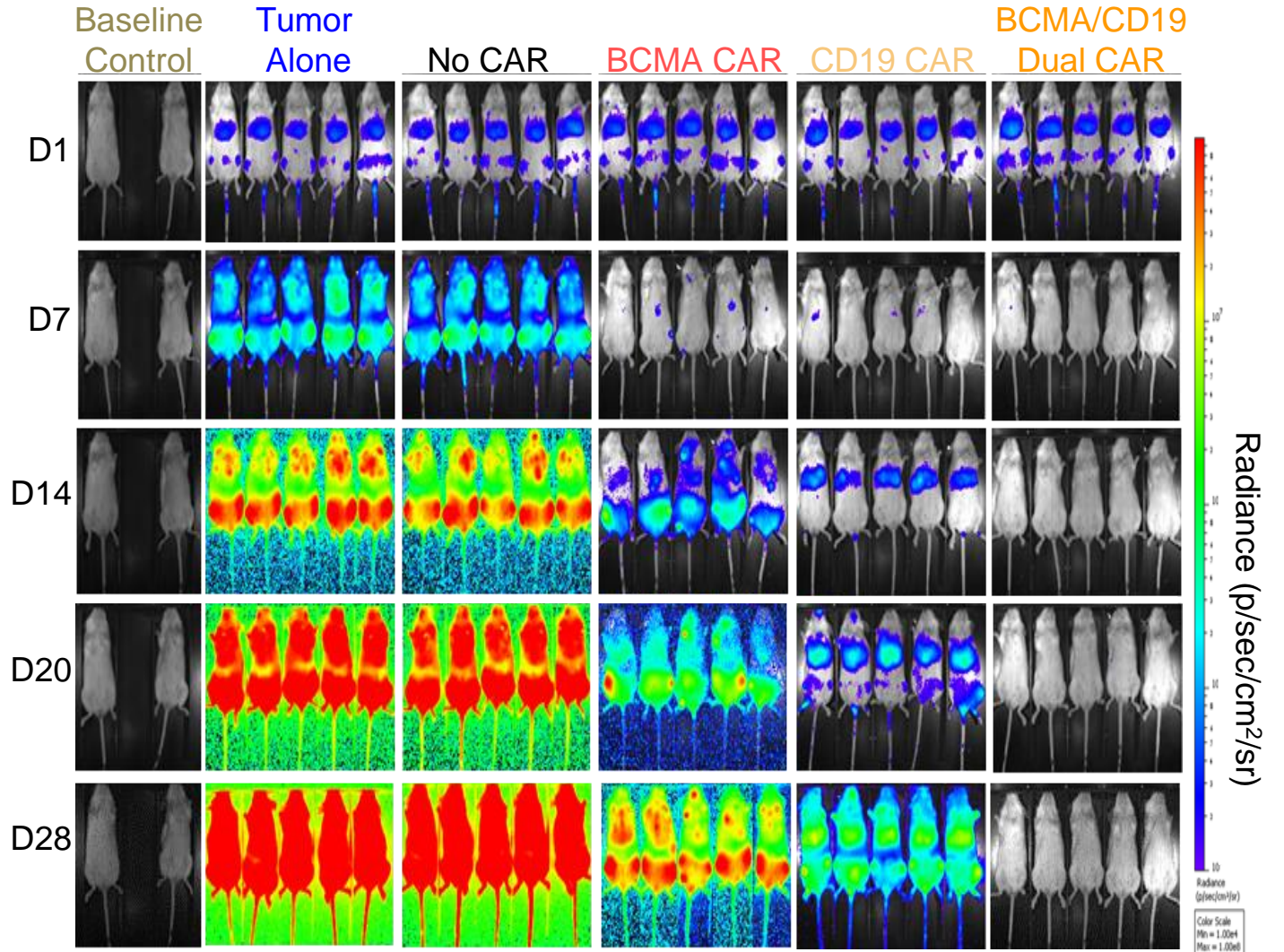
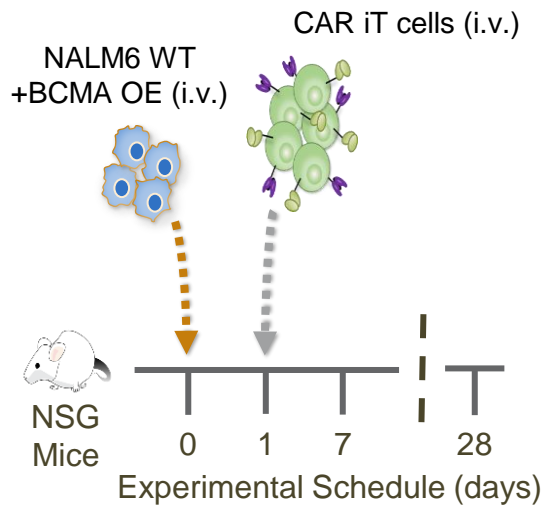
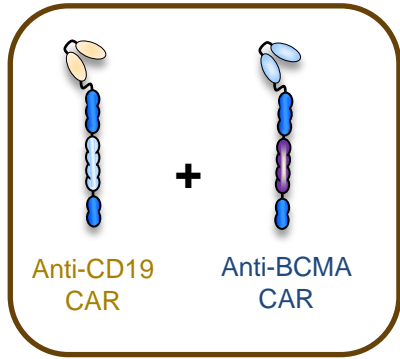
Next Generation Dual-CAR T Capable of Targeting Multiple Aberrant Cells Simultaneously



Next Generation Dual-CAR T cells designed to eliminate conditioning chemotherapy



Dual CAR T Cells Extend Breadth of B Cell Targeting and Drive Deeper and More Durable Elimination of Aberrant cells

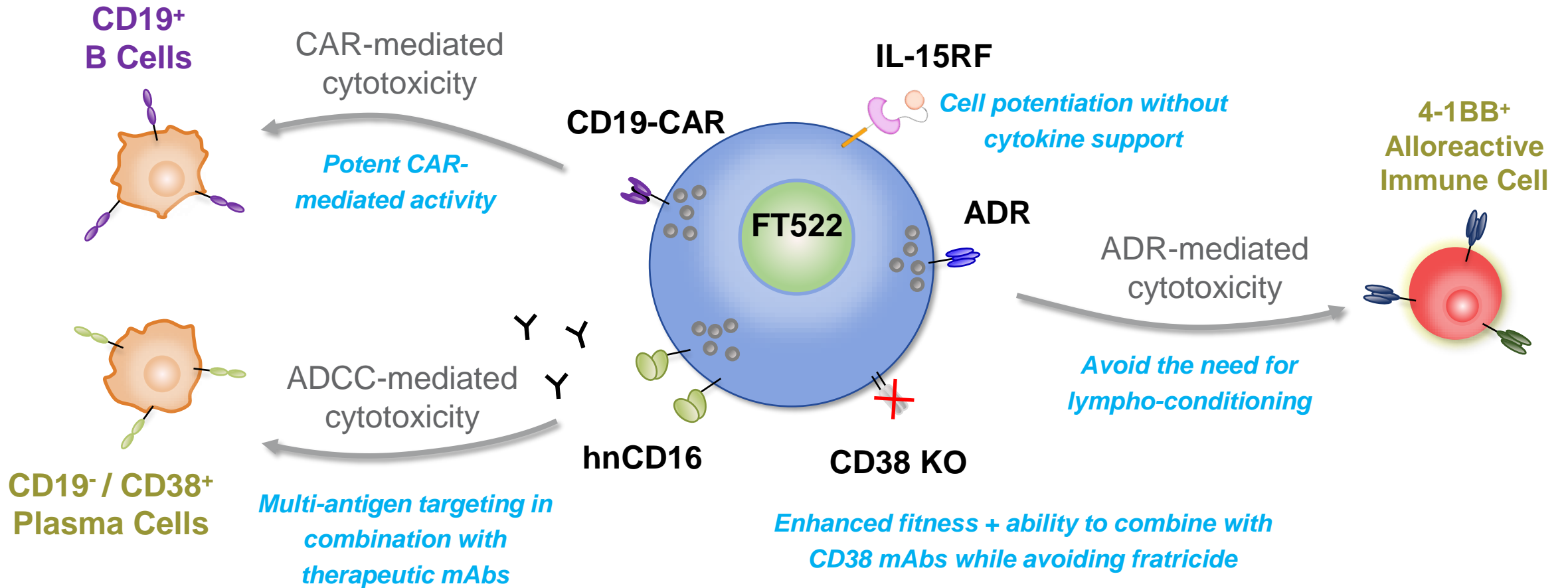




FT522 Program

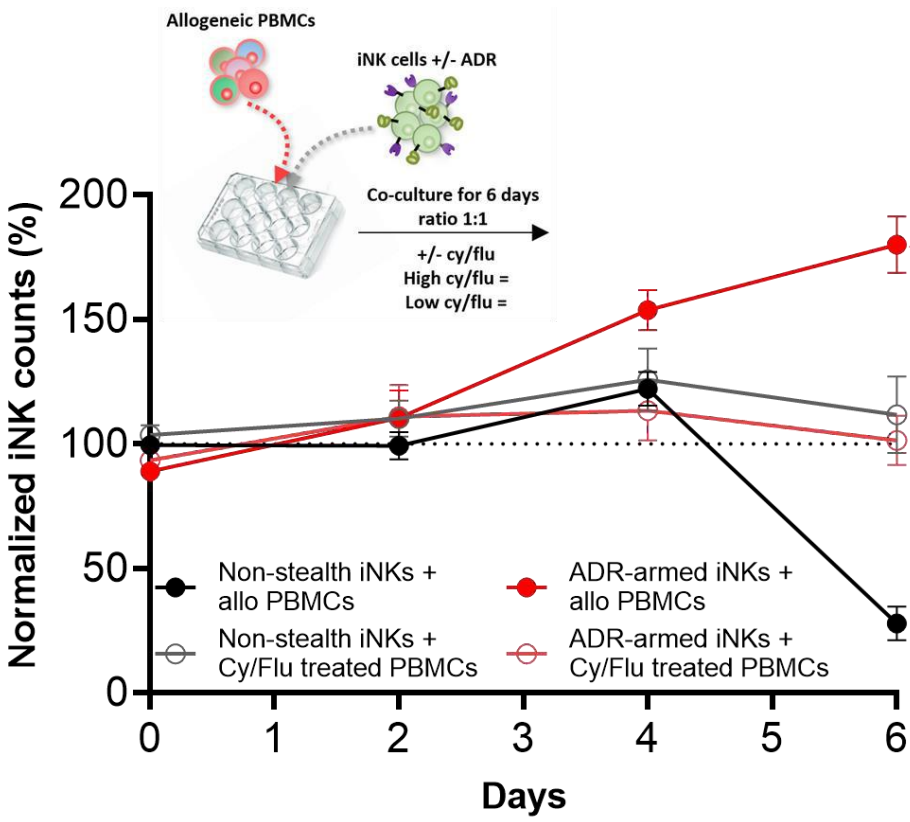
Off-the-shelf, CD19-targeted CAR NK Cell Product Candidate

FT522: Next Generation Off-the-Shelf Multi-antigen Targeting CAR NK cell armed with ADR to Avoid the Need for Conditioning Chemotherapy



ADR-armed NK Cells Uniquely Proliferate and Persist

Preclinical Data in Ex Vivo Allogeneic System

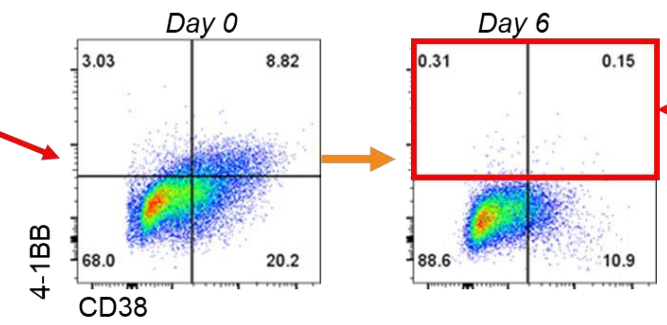


ADR-armed iNK cells proliferate, eliminate alloreactive immune cells, and persist in the presence of host PBMCs

Both ADR-armed and ADR-null iNK cells maintain persistence in the presence of host PBMCs pre-treated with conditioning chemotherapy

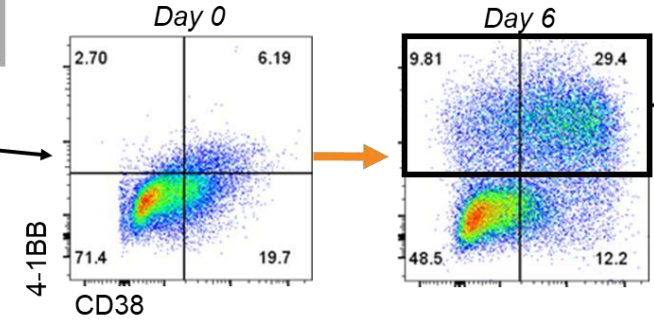
ADR-null iNK cells are eliminated in the presence of host PBMCs

ADR-armed iNK cells (FT522) + host PBMCs



ADR-armed iNK cells eliminate alloreactive immune cells expressing either 4-1BB or CD38, enabling iNK cell potentiation and survival in an allogeneic system

ADR-null iNK cells + host PBMCs

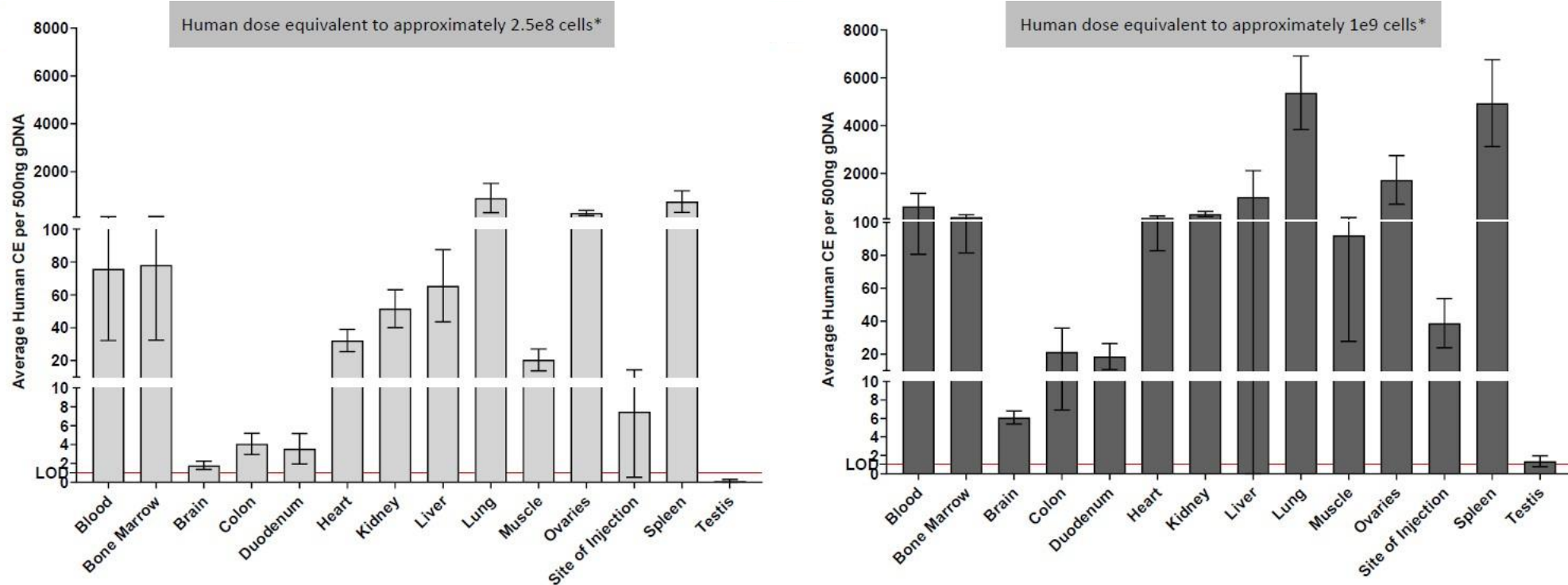


FT522 In Vivo Trafficking and Tissue Residency

Preclinical Data Show Broad Distribution across Primary, Secondary, and Tertiary Tissues



Dose-dependent trafficking, infiltration, & residency in primary, secondary & tertiary tissues without cytokine support at human dose equivalency levels of 250 million & 1 billion cells per dose*



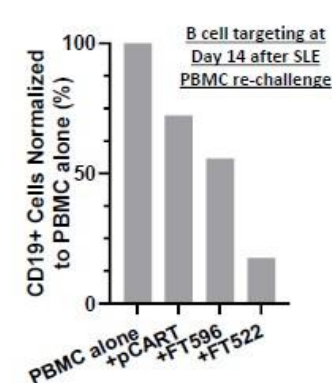
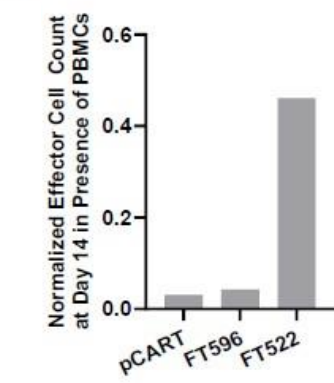
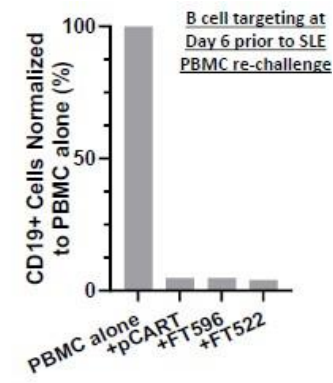
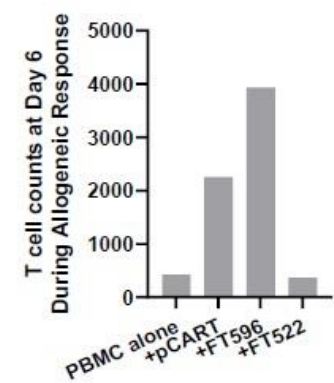
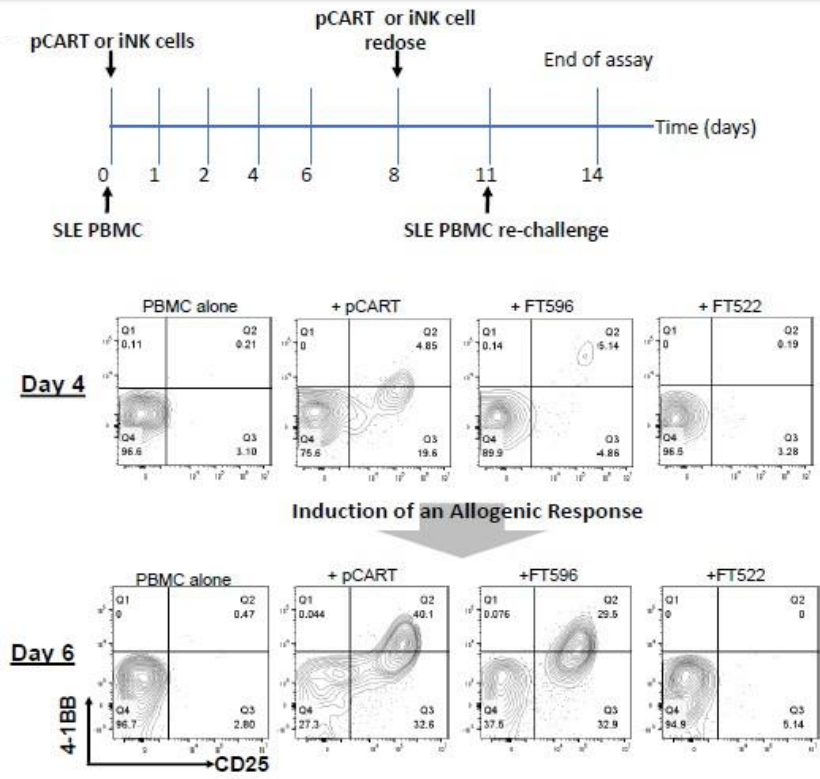
* NSG mice dosed with a human equivalency of 3 x 250 million FT522 cells and 3 x 1 billion FT522 cells over 15 days and analyzed for biodistribution the day after the last dose. No cytokine support or target cells expressing CD19 antigen were provided in this study. Human dose equivalency was calculated based on allometric conversion between a 20g mouse and 65Kg human.

FT522 Unique Functional Profile in Unmatched Donor SLE System

Preclinical Data Show B-cell Depletion, Alloreactive T Cell Elimination, and Functional Persistence



In vitro activity in unmatched donor SLE PBMCs suggest unique functional profile in the presence of an unmatched host immune system*



Witty et al.
2024 ASGCT Annual Conference



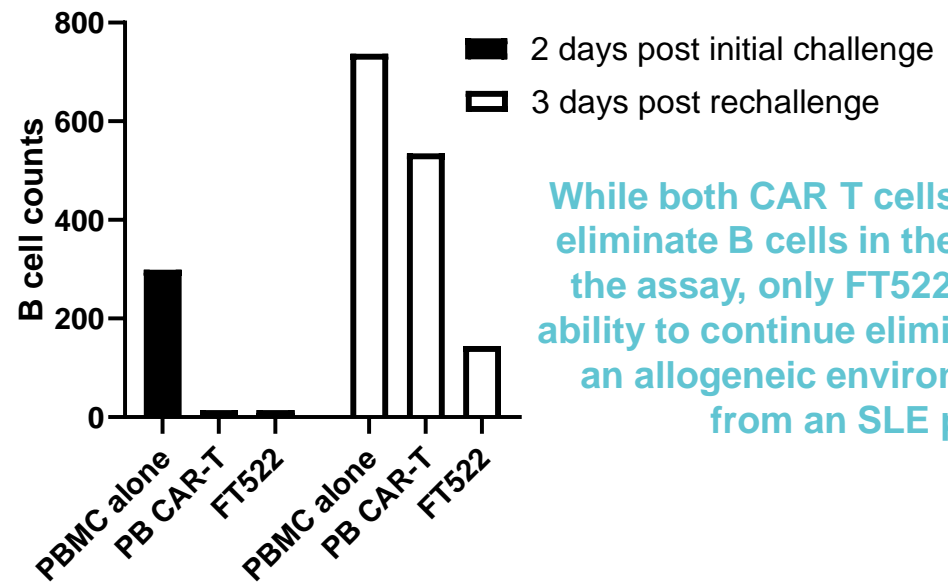
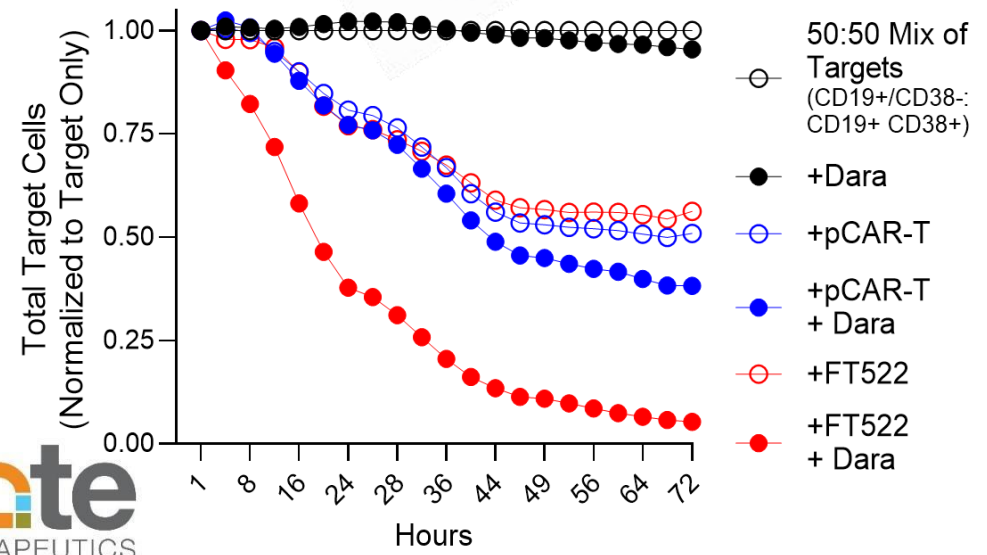
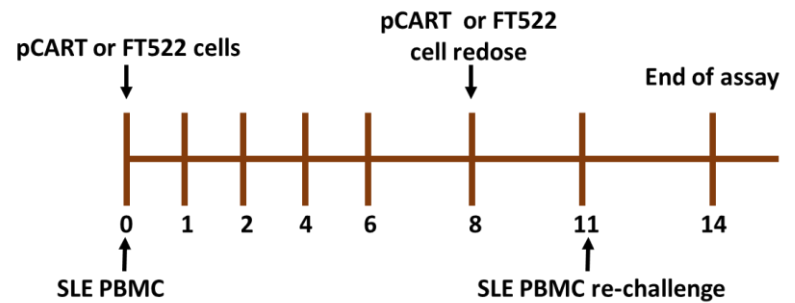
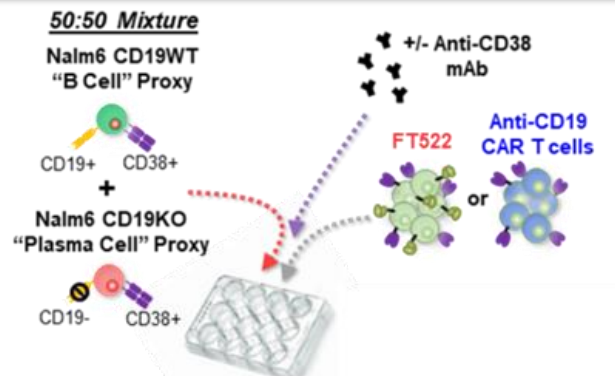
* *In vitro* allogenic re-challenge assay. Effector cell population is co-cultured with unmatched SLE donor PBMCs for 8 days, followed by re-dosing of effector cell population and re-challenge with unmatched SLE donor PBMCs in co-culture for a total of 14 days. Flow cytometry of unmatched SLE donor CD3+ T cells on Day 6 demonstrates T-cell activation and expansion with primary CAR-T and FT596 cells, but not to FT522 cells. Upon re-challenge, primary CAR-T and FT596 cells are depleted, whereas FT522 cells continue to persist and kill CD19+ B cells.

FT522 has the Unique Ability to Eliminate both B cells and Plasma Cells Without the Need for Conditioning Chemotherapy



FT522 uniquely synergizes with anti-CD38 mAb to effectively eliminate both CD19+ and CD19- / CD38+ cells

Unlike primary anti-CD19 CAR T cells, FT522 has the ability to support durable elimination of B cells from SLE PBMCs, avoiding rejection and maintaining functional persistence



While both CAR T cells and FT522 can eliminate B cells in the initial stage of the assay, only FT522 maintains the ability to continue eliminating B cells in an allogeneic environment derived from an SLE patient

FT522 Phase 1 Basket Study in Autoimmunity

IND cleared and patient enrollment to commence mid-2025



No Conditioning; Multiple Indications; Induction and Maintenance Regimens

Basket Trial Design

AAV = Antineutrophilic cytoplasmic antibody-associated vasculitides

IIM = Idiopathic inflammatory myositis

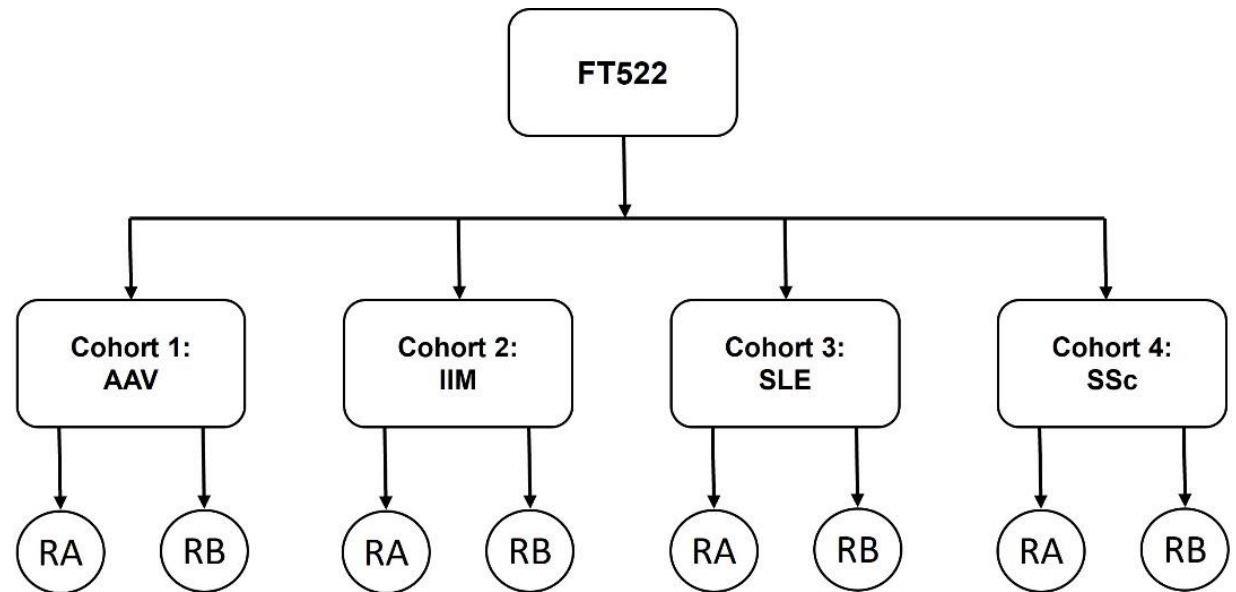
SLE = Systemic lupus erythematosus

SSc = Systemic sclerosis

Regimen A (RA): treatment of participants with FT522 as add-on to rituximab induction regimen

Regimen B (RB): treatment of participants, who are currently on background maintenance therapy and have been at a stable dose for at least 3 months, with FT522 and rituximab

- Depending on participant population, background maintenance therapies include MMF, AZA, LEF, MTX, and avacopan



All cohorts and regimens to open in parallel and escalate independently

